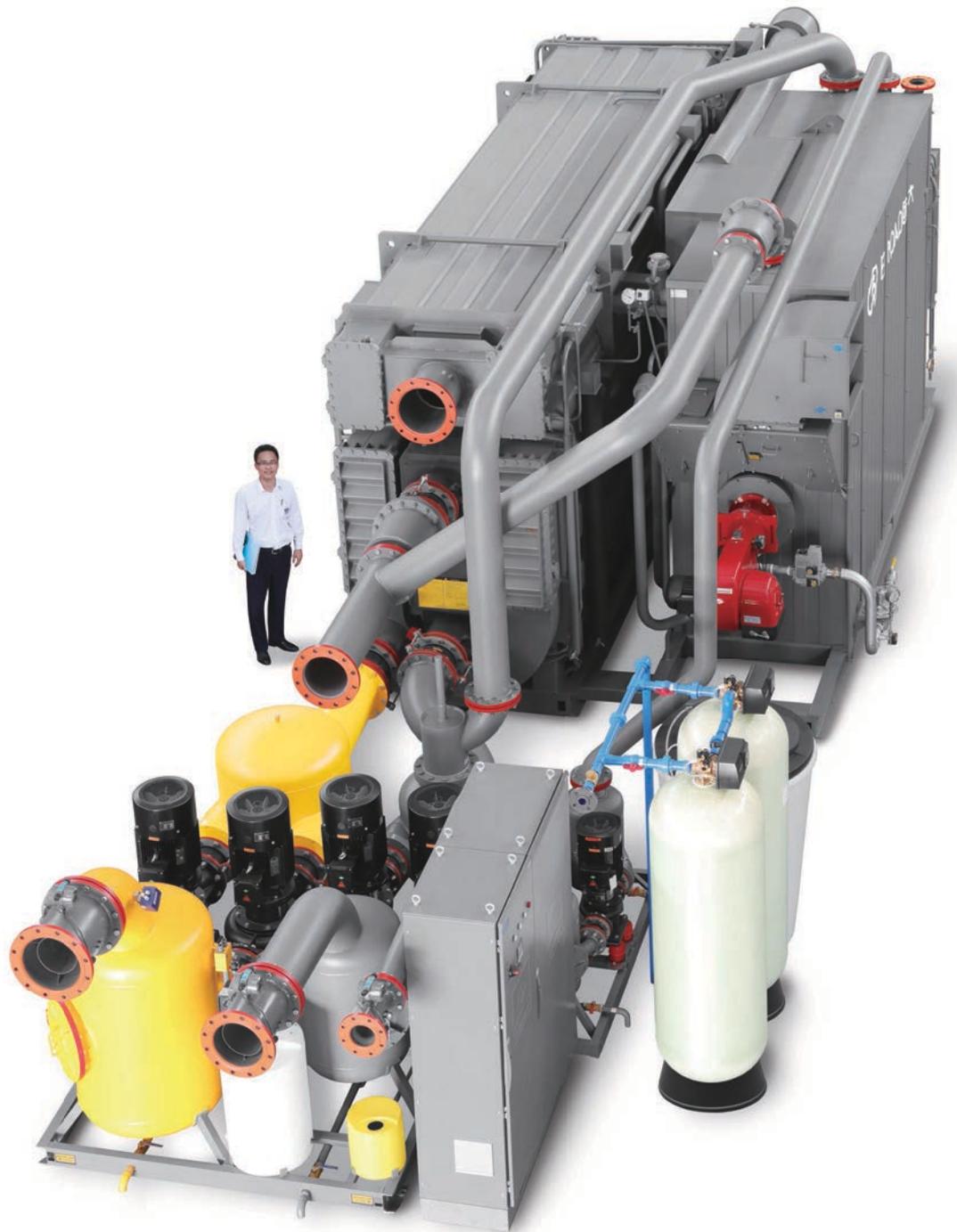




BROAD CENTRAL AIR CONDITIONING & WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

BROAD XII NON-ELECTRIC CHILLER

MODEL SELECTION & DESIGN MANUAL



Function

Cooling, heating, hot water (seperately or simultaneously)

Application

- Provide chilled/heating water for central air conditioning system
- Produce chilled water over 41°F and heating water below 203°F

Cooling capacity

233~11,630kW
(66~3,307Rt)

Energy sources

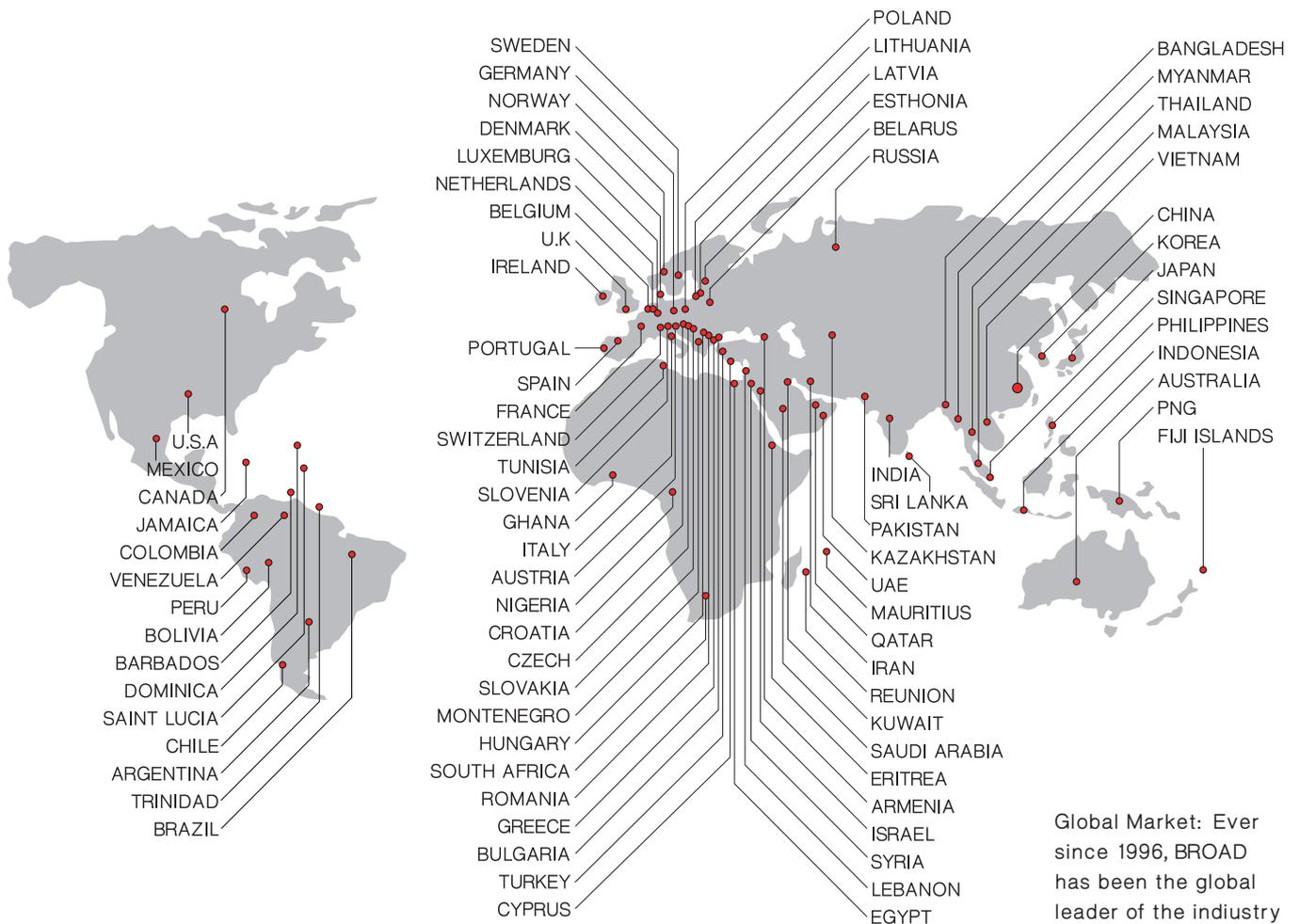
- Natural gas, town gas, biogas
- Gas/oil dual fuel, gas & waste heat hybrid (multi-energy)
- Waste heat from power generation industrial waste streams (steam, hot water, exhaust, etc.)



(BZ200 Direct-fired Absorption Chiller)



Global Internet Monitoring Center for BROAD non-electric air conditioning. It has been operating since 1996, known as the originator of "internet +".



CONTENTS

PACKAGED NON-ELECTRIC CHILLER 1

The Working Principle	1
Direct-fired Absorption Chiller	3
Rated Parameters	
Packaged DFA Rated Parameters	3
HTG (high temp. generator) Enlarged Model Rated Parameters	4
Condensing Heat Recovery Chiller	5
Rated Parameters	
Direct-fired Heater	6
Performance Curves	7
Model Selection & Ordering	8
Supply List	9
Steam Chiller Rated Parameters	11
Packaged Steam Chiller	11
Rated Parameters	
Hot W./ Exhaust Chiller Rated Parameters	13
Single-stage Steam/Hot W. Chiller Rated Parameters	14
Multi-energy Chiller Rated Parameters	15
Model Selection Curves	17

DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION TIPS 19

Dimensions	19
P&I Diagram	28
Scope of Supply/Work	33
Machine Room Construction Tips	34
Piping System	35
Control System	36
Exterior Wiring Diagram	37
List of Control System Installation	38
Transportation Tips	39
Lifting & Leveling Tips	40

COMPARISONS 41

Energy Saving Comparisons	41
Comprehensive Comparisons	42

SIGNIFICANCES OF BROAD NON-ELECTRIC CHILLER

1. GREEN ENERGY

Industrial waste heat, exhaust from power generation are 100% green energies, natural gas with 60% hydrogen is also green energy. BROAD non-electric chillers only use green energy and adopt nature water instead of CFCs as refrigerant.

2. SAVING ENERGY

- BROAD holds dozens of energy-saving patents and the chiller efficiency is 15~30% higher than global industry level.
- BROAD Packaged Water Distribution System cuts electricity consumption by 76%.

3. REDUCING INVESTMENT

- Three functions of cooling/heating/hot water in one chiller, reduces equipment investment and machine room footprint.
- BROAD Packaged Water Distribution System reduces machine room footprint.

4. WORRY-FREE

- BROAD Packaged Water Distribution System eliminates troubles including system design, procurement, installation and service for customers.
- BROAD Intelligent Control System (ICS) realizes operator free for chiller and water distribution system.
- BROAD Global Internet Monitoring System actualizers fault prediction, analysis, troubleshooting and energy-saving management by 24/7/365. BROAD offers free monitoring service to customers during chiller's whole lifespan.

5. SAFETY AND DURABILITY

- Chiller works under vacuum condition which is safe to customers.
- 8-level anti-explosion devices eliminate any explosion risk in any cases (including human destruction). No explosion case in BROAD for 20+ years operation record.
- Separate heating technology doubles the chiller lifespan (chillers over 20 years still running well).
- Chiller design life is 60 years by using titanium tubes.

1992~2012

Evolutions of Tubes in BROAD Chiller

Copper tube



2012~2016

Stainless steel tube



Since 2017

Titanium tube



Known as the best corrosion-resistance metal, titanium was previously only used in aviation and aerospace industry, human dental implant and bone transplant. Central air conditioning is the heart of a building, and any corrosion or leakage in one of thousands of heat-exchange tubes may cause a complete shutdown of the entire building's air conditioning system. To achieve "zero fault" and "the same lifespan as the building" for central air conditioning, BROAD has overcome challenges of skyrocketing cost and complicated technologies by developing titanium-tubed air conditioning, extending the designed lifespan to 60 years, and with a market price no more than 20% higher than that of copper-tubed or stainless steel-tubed products, which has created an unparalleled value for customers.

BROAD Obtains OSHPD Special Seismic Certification Pre-Approval

BROAD has received Special Seismic Certification Pre-Approval (OSP) from California's Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD) for its Non-Electric Chiller series. This standard is a requirement for all components installed in California healthcare facilities and is intended to ensure vital infrastructure, such as hospitals, fire stations, police stations, emergency shelters and data centers, can still be functional in the event of an earthquake.

Units were first tested according to the site operational requirements and passed with flying colors, meaning they maintained structural integrity and remained functional at a seismic load of 1.2g. The load was then increased to 3.2g, where the chiller succeeded once again.

A seismic load test of 3.2g is the highest category in the world and so far BROAD is the first and the only absorption chiller manufacturer who has successfully passed this seismic test.

OSHPD SPECIAL SEISMIC CERTIFICATION PREAPPROVAL

MANUFACTURER: BROAD U.S.A. INC.
OSP NO.: OSP-0513-10
PRODCUT TYPE: STEAM ABSORPTION CHILLER
MOUNTING: RIGID BASE MOUNTED
MODEL SERIE: BS20~BS150

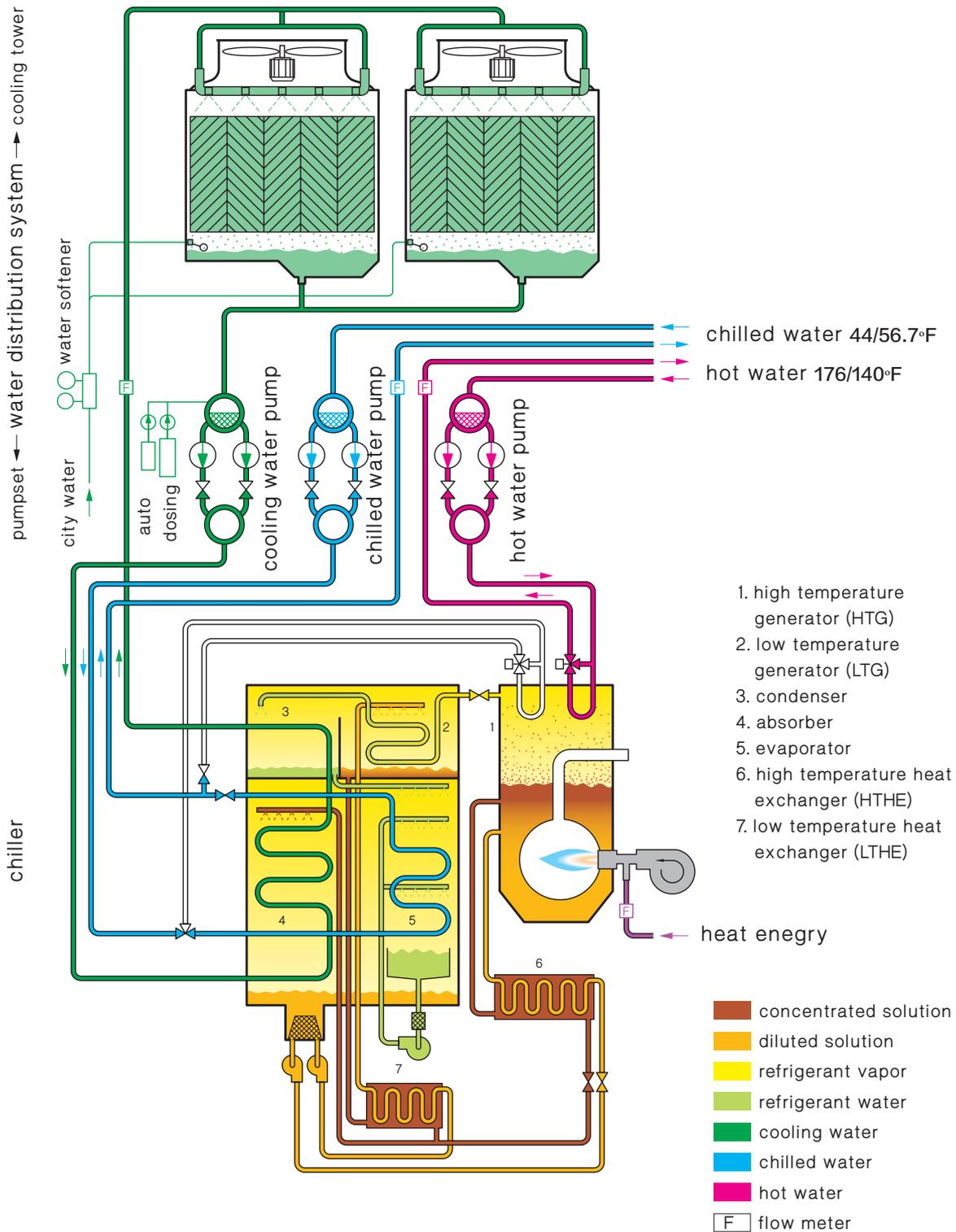
SEISMIC CERTIFICATION PAPAREMETERS

BUILDING CODE: CBC 2016
I_p: 1.5
S_{ps}: 1.117g for z/h=0.0



PACKAGED NON-ELECTRIC CHILLER

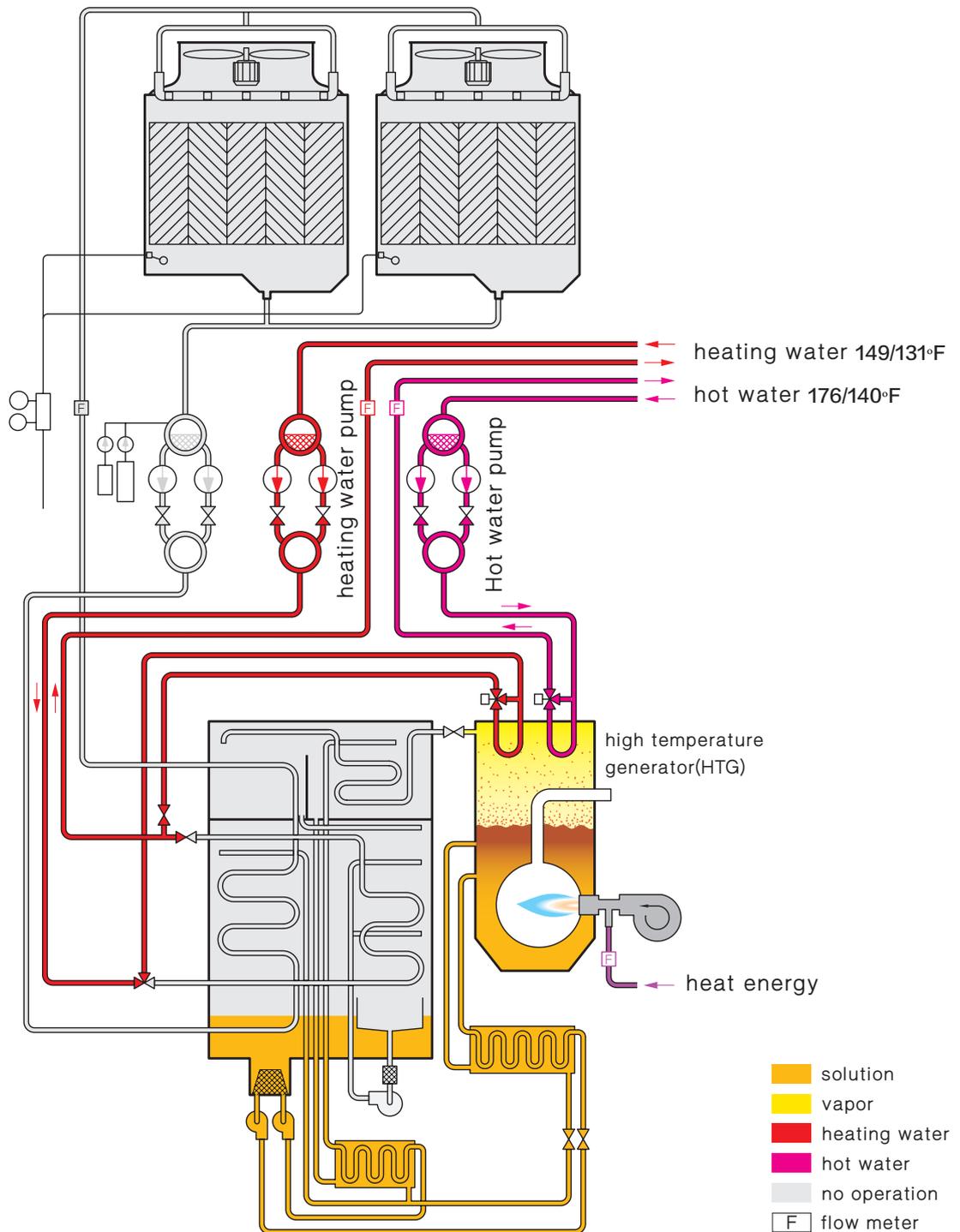
(chiller+water distribution system)



The cooling principle

The input heat energy heats LiBr solution to 284°F and generate vapor, which is then condensed into water by cooling water. When the refrigerant water enters evaporator (in high vacuum condition), its temperature goes down immediately to 41°F. And it is sprayed over the copper tubes, and chilled water from 56.7°F drop down to 44°F to make cooling. The water absorbs heat from air conditioning system and evaporates, then is absorbed by concentrated LiBr solution from the generators. The cooling water takes away the heat and rejects it into the air. Diluted solution is pumped into HTG and LTG separately to be heated to begin the process all over again.

Notes: Lithium Bromide is a salt of strong hygroscopicity, nontoxic and harmless, with no greenhouse effect and no damage to the ozone layer.



The heating principle

The input heat energy heats the LiBr solution. The vapor produced by the solution heats the heating water or hot water in tubes, while condensate returns to the solution to be heated and the cycle repeats. As "separate heating" is adopted, the heating cycle becomes very simple, just like a vacuum boiler. Therefore, the lifespan of the chiller can be doubled.

A separate heat exchanger can provide dedicated hot water while cooling or heating operation is stopped. So, only BROAD has the unique technology in the world that can realize "three functions in one unit": cooling, heating and hot water simultaneously or dedicatedly.

Direct-fired Absorption Chiller (DFA) Rated Parameters

Fuel: natural gas, town gas, biogas, diesel or gas/oil dual fuel

Mode	BZ	20	30	50	75	100	125	150	200	250	300	400	500	600	800	1000
Cooling capacity	kW	233	349	582	872	1163	1454	1745	2326	2908	3489	4652	5815	6978	9304	11630
	10 ⁴ kcal/h	20	30	50	75	100	125	150	200	250	300	400	500	600	800	1000
	RT	66	99	165	248	331	413	496	661	827	992	1323	1653	1984	2645	3307
Heating capacity	MBH	611	918	1532	2293	3061	3825	4603	6111	7660	9168	12222	153166	18374	24485	30595
Hot water capacity	MBH	273	410	683	1024	1365	1707	2048	2731	3414	4096	5461	/	/	/	/
Chilled water																
Flow rate	gpm	126	189	314	471	629	786	943	1257	1571	1886	2514	3413	3771	5029	6286
Pressure drop	ft. H ₂ O	10	10	10	10	10	13.4	13.4	13.4	16.7	16.7	20	20	20	20	20
Cooling water																
Flow rate	gpm	216	324	540	811	1083	1351	1623	2163	2706	3246	4329	5409	6492	8655	10821
Pressure drop	ft. H ₂ O	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	26.4	26.4	26.4	30	30	30	30
Heating water																
Flow rate	gpm	68	102	170	255	340	425	511	679	851	1019	1358	1702	2042	2721	3399
Pressure drop	ft.H ₂ O	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	10	10	13.2	13.2	16.5	16.5	20	20
Hot water																
Flow rate	gpm	15	23	38	57	76	95	114	152	190	227	303	/	/	/	/
Pressure drop	ft. H ₂ O	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	10	10	13.2	13.2	/	/	/	/
NG consumption																
Cooling	MBH	558	837	1394	2096	2797	3490	4192	5586	6989	8383	11180	13969	16766	22352	27946
Heating	MBH	657	987	1647	2465	3291	4113	4949	6571	8236	9858	13142	16469	19757	26327	32898
Hot water	MBH	294	440	734	1101	1468	1834	2201	2935	3669	4403	5870	/	/	/	/
Power demand	kW	2.3	3.8	3.9	5.1	6.8	8.8	9.9	16.3	16.6	22.4	26.6	29.3	39.3	49.7	53.3
Solution wt.	klbs	2.2	3.6	5.1	6.2	8.4	9.5	12.4	15.0	18.8	22.8	27.8	35.3	46.3	55.2	70.6
Unit ship wt.	klbs	11.3	17.0	20.3	26.7	33.1	37.3	44.4	58.0	69.5	/	/	/	/	/	/
Main shell ship. wt.	klbs	5.3	8.9	10.4	11.5	13.0	15.3	17.9	25.6	29.6	35.5	38.8	48.3	52.5	64.4	91.5
Operation wt.	klbs	12.6	18.3	22.1	30.2	38.2	43.0	51.6	66.2	77.0	94.0	112.7	134.5	165.0	200.9	243.0

Packaged Direct-fired Absorption Chiller (P-DFA)

Rated chilled water 44°F/56.7°F, cooling water 97.5/85°F

Mode	BZY	20	30	50	75	100	125	150	200	250	300	400	500	600	800	1000	
Cooling capacity	RT	66	99	165	248	331	413	496	661	827	992	1323	1653	1984	2646	3307	
Pumpset	Chilled water pump																
	External head	ft.H ₂ O	72	72	72	79	79	89	89	89	92	92	92	105	105	105	105
	Power demand	kW	4	7.5	7.5	15	15	22	30	37	44	60	60	110	110	150	180
	Cooling water pump																
	External head	ft.H ₂ O	33	33	33	50	50	50	50	53	53	53	56	56	56	56	56
	Power demand	kW	3	7.5	7.5	15	15	22	22	37	44	44	60	90	110	150	180
	Hot water pump																
	External head	ft.H ₂ O	23	23	23	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	/	/	/	/
	Power demand	kW	0.4	0.58	0.58	2.2	3.0	3.0	4.4	4.4	4.4	6.0	6.0	/	/	/	/
	Total power demand	kW	7.4	15.6	15.6	32.2	33	47	56.4	78.4	92.4	110	126	200	220	300	360
Operation	klbs	1.3	1.8	2.0	8.4	8.4	9.2	9.5	15.6	16.3	17.8	21.4	13/189	134/189	134/216	211/216	
Cooling tower	Power demand	kW	5.5	11	11	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
	Operation wt.	klbs	5.5	9.9	11.2	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Electricity & water Consumption	Total power demand	kW	15.2	30.7	30.8	36.3	38.3	54.3	64.8	93.2	107	130.4	15206	227.3	256.3	346.7	410.3
	Water demand for cooling	klbs/h	1.3	2.0	3.3	4.4	6.6	8.4	10	13.2	16.5	19.8	26.4	33	39.6	52.8	66

General Conditions:

1. Rated chilled W. outlet/inlet temp. : 44°F/56.7°F
2. Rated cooling W. outlet/inlet temp. : 97.5°F/85°F
3. Rated heating W. outlet/inlet temp. : 149°F/131°F
4. Rated hot W. outlet/inlet temp. : 176°F/140°F
5. Lowest permitted outlet temp. for chilled water: 41°F
6. Highest permitted outlet temp. for heating/ hot water: 203°F
7. Lowest permitted inlet temp. for cooling water: 50°F
8. Adjustable chilled water flowrate: 50%~120%
Adjustable heating/ hot water flowrate: 65%~120%
9. Pressure limit for chilled W. , cooling W. , heating W. , hot W. : 150psig (except special order)
10. Adjustable load: 5%~115%
11. Fouling factor for chilled W. , heating W. , hot W. :
 $0.0001 \text{ hrft}^2 \cdot \text{°F/Btu}$, for cooling W: $0.00025 \text{ hrft}^2 \cdot \text{°F/Btu}$
12. Natural gas consumption is calculated:
 900 Btu/ft^3 (8600 kcal/m^3)
13. Standard natural gas dynamic pressure is 2.3~5psig, static pressure is <7.3psig, lower or higher pressure can be accommodated to special orders
14. LiBr Solution concentration: 54%. Solution is included in unit shipment Wt.
15. Rated exhaust temp. for cooling: 320°F
Rated exhaust temp. for heating: 293°F
16. Machine room ambient temperature:
41~109°F, humidity ≤85%
17. Standard climate conditions for cooling operation: temp. 96.8°F, relative humidity 50% (wet bulb 80.6°F)
18. Heating capacity and hot water capacity refer to the capacity in separate operation, which is adjustable within this range
19. Power demand of cooling, heating, hot W. is under rated working condition.
20. Rated cooling COP: 1.42
(including chiller power consumption)
Rated heating COP: 0.93
(including chiller power consumption)
21. Life design: 60 years

Notes:

technical specification is based upon:

1. Standard GB 18361 "Safety Requirement of LiBr Absorption Water Chilling And Water Heating Packages"
2. Standard GB/T 18362 "Direct-fired LiBr Absorption Water Chilling And Water Heating Packages"
3. Standard GB 29540 "Minimum allowable values of the energy efficiency and energy efficiency grades for LiBr Absorption Water Chilling And Water Heating Packages"
4. Standard JIS B 8622 "Absorption Chiller"
5. Standard ARI 560 "Absorption Water Chilling And Water Heating Packages"

HTG (high temp. generator) Enlarged Model Rated Parameters

Mode BZ	Enlarged Models	Heating capacity MBH	Gas Consumption MBH
20	H ₁	736	791
	H ₂	859	923
	H ₃	982	1056
	H ₄	1105	1188
30	H ₁	1103	1186
	H ₂	1287	1384
	H ₃	1468	1578
	H ₄	1652	1776
50	H ₁	1841	1980
	H ₂	2149	2311
	H ₃	2454	2639
	H ₄	2762	2970
75	H ₁	2762	2970
	H ₂	3224	3467
	H ₃	3682	3959
	H ₄	4144	4456
100	H ₁	3682	3959
	H ₂	4295	4618
	H ₃	4911	5281
	H ₄	5523	5939
125	H ₁	4603	4949
	H ₂	5369	5773
	H ₃	6136	6598
	H ₄	6906	7426
150	H ₁	5523	5939
	H ₂	6444	6929
	H ₃	7364	7918
	H ₄	8285	8909
200	H ₁	7364	7918
	H ₂	8593	9240
	H ₃	9818	10557
	H ₄	11046	12265
250	H ₁	9205	9898
	H ₂	10738	11546
	H ₃	12275	13199
	H ₄	13808	14847
300	H ₁	11046	11877
	H ₂	12887	13857
	H ₃	14728	15837
	H ₄	16569	17816
400	H ₁	14728	15837
	H ₂	17182	18475
	H ₃	19639	21117
500	H ₁	18410	19796
	H ₂	21446	23063

Notes:

1. Heating capacity increases by 20% for each stage of HTG enlargement. No change with pumpset (excluding hot W. pump) and enclosure specs.
2. Special design is available if heating capacity is higher than above list.

Condensing Heat Recovery Chiller Performance Data

Mode		BZ	20	30	50	75	100	125	150	200	250	300	400	500	600	800	1000
Condensing Heat Recovery Condition	Cooling capacity RT		66	99	165	248	331	413	496	661	827	992	1323	1653	1984	2646	3307
		10 ⁴ kcal/h	20	30	50	75	100	125	150	200	250	300	400	500	600	800	1000
	Hot W. capacity MBH		273	409	682	1024	1365	1706	2047	2730	3412	4095	5459	6824	8189	10919	13649
	Chilled water																
	Flowrate	gpm	126	189	314	471	630	788	942	1259	1572	1889	2514	3144	3773	5032	6292
	Pressure drop	ftH ² O	10	10	10	10	10	13.2	13.2	13.2	16.5	16.5	20	20	20	20	20
	cooling water																
	Flowrate	gpm	195	291	484	726	969	1211	1453	1937	2422	2906	3875	4843	5812	7749	9682
	Pressure drop	ftH ² O	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
	Hot water																
Flowrate	gpm	15	23	38	57	76	95	114	151	189	227	304	379	453	608	757	
Pressure drop	ftH ² O	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	10	10	13.2	13.2	13.2	16.5	16.5	16.5	
NG consumption																	
Cooling	MBH	430	644	1073	1608	2145	2682	3218	4290	5364	6435	8580	10725	12870	17160	21450	
Hot water	MBH	294	440	734	1101	1468	1834	2201	2935	3669	4403	5870	7338	8806	11741	14676	
Heating Condition	Heating capacity kW		179	269	449	672	897	1121	1349	1791	2245	2687	3582	4489	5385	7176	8967
		MBH	611	918	1532	2293	3061	3825	4603	6111	7660	9168	12222	15317	18374	24486	30597
	Heating water																
	Flowrate	gpm	67	102	170	255	339	424	511	674	850	1017	1356	1695	2039	2717	3395
	Pressure drop	ftH ² O	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	10	10	13.2	13.2	16.5	16.5	20	20
NG consumption	MBH	657	987	1647	2466	3291	4113	4949	6571	8237	9859	13142	16470	19757	26329	32900	
Power demand	kW	2.3	3.8	3.9	5.1	6.8	8.8	9.9	16.3	16.6	22.4	26.6	29.3	39.3	49.7	53.3	
Solution Wt.	klbs	2.2	3.5	5.1	6.2	8.4	9.5	12.3	15.0	18.7	22.7	27.8	35.3	46.3	55.1	70.5	
Unit ship. Wt.	klbs	11.5	17.4	20.9	27.8	34.4	39.0	46.3	60.6	70.5	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Main shell ship. Wt.	klbs	5.5	9.3	11.0	12.3	14.3	16.8	19.6	28.0	32.6	39.2	43.7	55.1	60.6	66.1	70.5	
Operation Wt.	klbs	12.8	18.7	22.7	31.1	39.5	44.5	53.4	68.6	80.0	97.7	117.5	141.3	173.1	211.2	256.2	

General Conditions:

- Rated chilled W. outlet/inlet temp.: 44°F/56.7°F
- Rated cooling W. outlet/inlet temp.: 97.5°F/85°F
- Rated hot W. outlet/inlet temp.: 176°F/140°F
- Rated heating W. outlet/inlet temp.: 149°F/131°F
- Lowest permitted outlet temp. for chilled water: 41°F
- Highest permitted outlet temp. for heating/ hot water: 203°F
- Lowest permitted inlet temp. for cooling water: 50°F
- Adjustable chilled water flowrate: 50%~120%
Adjustable heating/ hot water flowrate: 65%~120%
- Pressure limit for chilled W., cooling W., heating W., hot W.: 150psig (except special order)
- Adjustable load: 5%~115%
- Fouling factor for chilled W., hot W., heating W.: 0.0001 hrft² · °F/Btu, for cooling W.: 0.0025hrft² · °F/Btu
- The NG consumption data under condensing heat recovery condition when chilled W. and hot W. working simultaneously
- Natural gas consumption is calculated: 900Btu/ft³ (8600kcal/Nm³)
- Standard natural gas dynamic pressure is 2.3~5psig, static pressure is < 7.3psig, lower or higher pressure can be accommodated to special orders
- LiBr Solution concentration: 54%. Solution is included in unit shipment Wt.
- Machine room ambient temperature: 41~109.4°F, humidity ≤ 85%
- Rated cooling COP: 1.85 Rated heating COP: 0.93 (including chiller power consumption)
- Life design: 60 years

Note:
the dimension is the same as DFA chiller

Direct-fired Heater Rated Parameters

Model	BZR	16	24	40	60	80	100	120	160	200	240	320	400	500	600	800	1000	1200	
Heating capacity	MBH	635	955	1587	2382	3173	3968	4763	6350	7937	9523	12700	15866	19842	23810	31747	39683	47620	
Hot W. capacity	MBH	273	409	682	1024	1365	1706	2047	2730	3412	4095	5459	6824	8530	10236	13649	17061	20473	
Heating water																			
Flow rate	gpm	71	106	176	265	353	441	529	706	882	1058	1411	1763	2205	2646	3527	4409	5291	
Pressure drop	ftH ₂ O	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	11.6	11.6	14.9	14.9	18.2	18.2	19.8	19.8	23.1	23.1	
Hot water																			
Flow rate	gpm	15	23	38	57	76	95	114	152	190	227	303	379	474	569	758	948	1137	
Pressure drop	ftH ₂ O	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	9.9	9.9	13.2	13.2	16.5	16.5	19.8	19.8	26.4	26.4	
NG consumption																			
Heating water	MBH	675	1016	1688	2534	3376	4222	5067	6755	8443	10131	13511	16879	21108	25330	33773	42216	50659	
Hot water	MBH	290	436	726	1089	1452	1815	2178	2904	3630	4356	5808	7260	9075	10890	14520	18150	21780	
Power demand	KW	0.4	0.4	1.5	1.5	2.7	2.7	4.6	6.6	7.6	9.1	12.1	15.1	30.5	30.5	37.5	55.5	75.5	
Solution Wt.	klb	1.1	1.3	2.0	2.7	2.9	3.3	3.8	4.4	5.5	6.2	7.7	9.3	15.0	17.7	22.0	26.5	39.7	
Ship Wt.	klb	4.0	6.2	7.3	8.8	11.0	12.8	14.6	19.7	23.2	26.0	32.7	37.9	40.8	48.5	61.8	72.8	88.2	
Operation Wt.	klb	4.4	6.8	8.0	10.0	12.5	14.2	16.1	21.4	25.0	28.0	34.6	40.1	41.9	50.7	64.0	76.1	92.6	

Packaged Direct-fired Heater Rated heating water temp. 149/131°F, hot water 176/140°F

Model	BZRY	16	24	40	60	80	100	120	160	200	240	320	400	500	600	800	1000	1200	
Pumpset	Heating W. pump																		
	Pump head	psi	29.9	31.3	31.3	31.3	31.3	34.1	34.1	38.4	38.4	38.4	39.8	39.8	39.8	42.7	45.5	45.5	45.5
	Power demand	kW	2.2	3	4	4	4	7.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	30	37	55	75	75
	Hot W. pump																		
	Pump head	psi	21.3	21.3	21.3	21.3	21.3	21.3	21.3	21.3	21.3	21.3	21.3	21.3	21.3	21.3	21.3	21.3	21.3
	Power demand	kW	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.1	1.5	1.5	2.2	2.2	2.2	3	3	4	4	5.5	7.5	7.5	7.5
	Total power demand	kW	3.3	4.1	5.5	10.2	11	18	19.4	26.4	34.4	43	50	68	68	85	125	165	165

General Conditions:

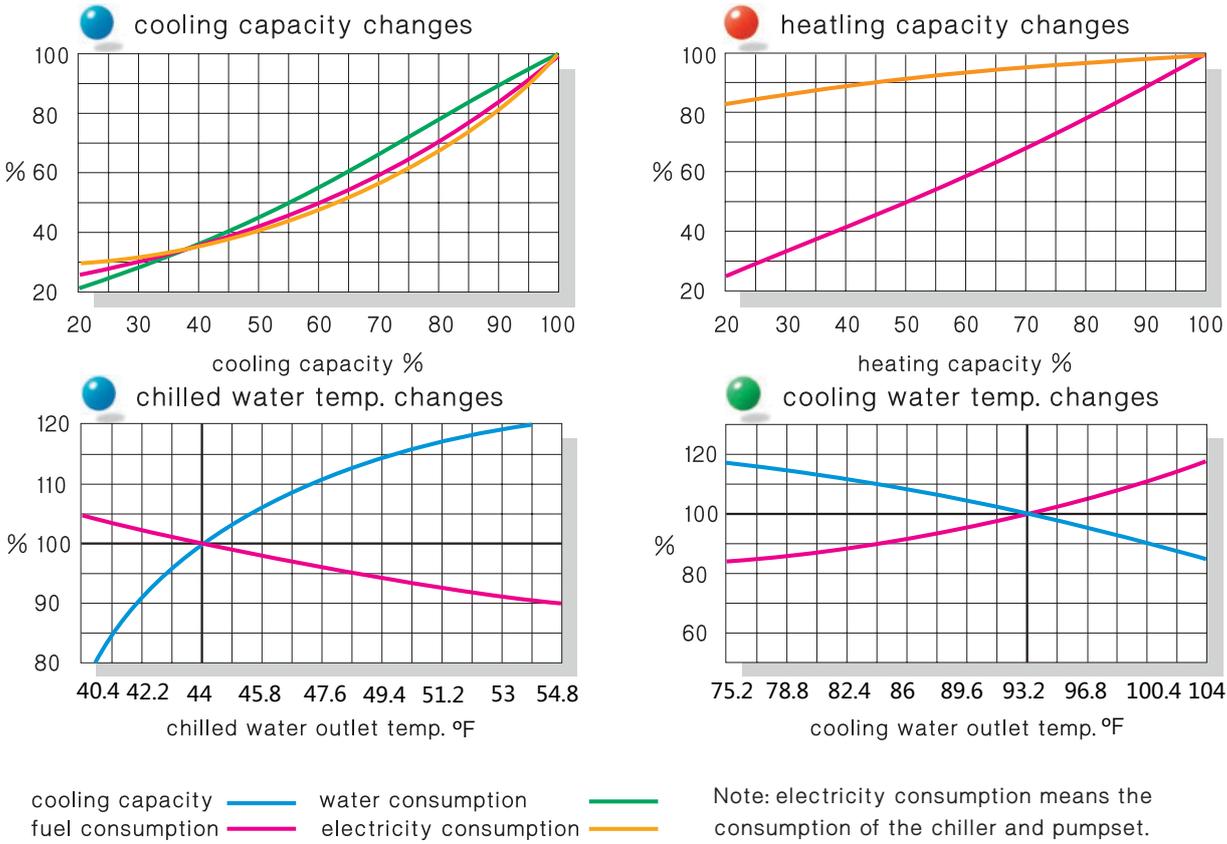
- Rated heating W. outlet / inlet temp.: 149/131°F.
- Rated hot W. outlet / inlet temp.: 176/140°F.
- Highest permitted outlet temp. for heating / hot water: 194°F
- Adjustable heating / hot water flowrate: 65%~120%.
- Pressure limit for heating W., hot W.: 116psi (except special order).
- Adjustable load: 5%~115%.
- Fouling factor for heating W., hot W., heating W.: 0.0001 hrft²·°F/Btu
- Solution Wt. means a special antiseptic and antifreeze solution; if cooling function needed, it will be LiBr solution with 40% concentration.
- Natural gas consumption is calculated: 900Btu/ft³ (8600kcal/Nm³)
- Standard natural gas dynamic pressure is 2.3~5psig, static pressure is < 7.3psig, lower or higher pressure can be accommodated to special orders.
- Rated exhaust temp. 257°F.
- Machine room ambient temperature: 41~109.4°F, humidity ≤ 85%.
- The performance data of heating W. and hot W. in the table show two running conditions respectively, and both of them can be adjusted within the range.
- Rated heating COP: 0.94 (including chiller power consumption).
- Designed lifespan: 60 years.

Notes:

Technical specification is based upon:

- Standard GB 18361 "Safety Requirement of LiBr Absorption Water Chilling and Water Heating Packages".
- Standard GB/T 18362 "Direct-fired LiBr Absorption Water Chilling and Water Heating Packages".

Packaged DFA Performance Curves



Coefficient of Performance (COP)

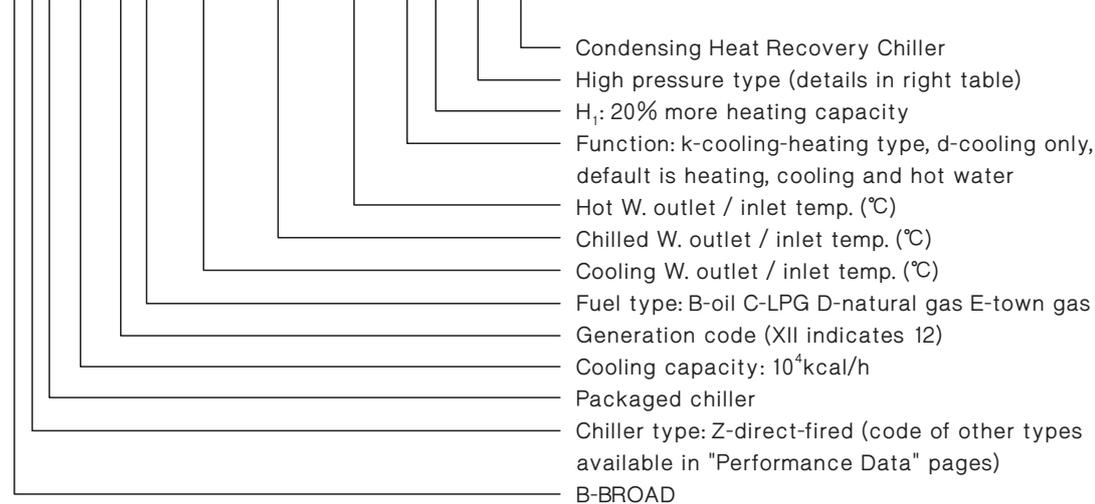
Rated COP: 1.42, IPLV COP: 1.63

Load	COP	Factor	Result
100%	1.420	0.01	0.014
75%	1.638	0.42	0.688
50%	1.692	0.45	0.761
25%	1.372	0.12	0.165

- Note:
- The integrated part load value (IPLV) reflects chiller's actual COP in operation.
 - Calculated per AHRI560.

Nomenclature

BZY200XIID-37/30-7/14-80/60-k-H₁-Fa-LN



Codes for high pressure type:

Pressure limit psig	Chilled W. Code	Cooling W. Code
150~174	Fa	Ma
175~232	Fb	Mb
233~290	Fc	Mc
291~348	Fd	Md

Operating Noise dB (A)

Model BZY	20~50	75~200	≥250
DFA	≤57	≤58	≤60
pumpset	≤57	≤57	≤59
cooling tower	≤62	≤64	≤66
outside encoure	≤42	≤43	≤44

Emissions:

- Standard GB13271-2014.
- NO_x ≤ 46ppm(O₂=3.5%).
- Special order equipped with low NO_x burner and electrostatic cleaner on exhaust port, and emission is almost zero.
- Exhaust heat recovery technology can realize the "elimination of white smoke" in cold area.

Model Selection & Ordering

Function selection

- Standard type (cooling-heating-hot water).
- A/C type (cooling-heating).
- Cooling only type.
- Condensing Heat Recovery type.

Fuel selection

- Fuels applicable to a DFA can be: natural gas, town gas, LPG, bio-gas, light oil or recycled oil.
- Natural gas and recycled oil are preferred.
- Applicable to dual fuel (gas/oil).
- Different burner matches different fuel.

Load selection

- Building cooling / heating load cannot be estimated, as it is more closely related to building insulation and room function than to building area.
- Model selection is mainly determined by cooling load. If the heating load is not enough, a HTG enlarged model could be selected.

Quantity

- The fewer units, the lower initial investment and operation cost (as the chiller's COP will be higher and water system's electricity consumption will be lower at partial load).
- 2 units are recommended for one system (the total capability equals to required load). No need to set standby unit. It is OK to install just one chiller if the chiller is allowed to stop operation once a year.
- Model 1200, 1600, 2000 could be supplied by modular combination.

Flowrate selection

- BROAD pumpset applies a large temperature difference and low flowrate design so as to save power consumption dramatically.
- BROAD designs the pump head according to its profound experience.
- BROAD is open for special head design.

Pressure selection

- The standard pressure limit for chilled/heating/cooling water is 0.8MPa. Information about high pressure type is available on page 7.
- 150~1774psig system: select high pressure type.
175~232psig system: either extra pressure type or secondary heat exchanger, to be comprehensively evaluated.

- >232psig system: secondary heat exchange.

Split shipment

- If constrained by access of customers' machine room (or constrained by container transportation), split shipment can be chosen.
- Split shipment includes two pieces as main shell and HTG. 3 pipes must be connected at jobsite. Customers need to prepare welding instruments, nitrogen and other necessary assistance.

Control

- BROAD chiller and pumpset are equipped with complete control function, including internet monitoring.
- If users have a building management system (BMS), the BMS control interface can be selected as an optional supply. If the BMS interface is not ordered along with the chiller, it can be purchased later.
- BROAD BMS is recommended to customers.

Machine room location

- On the floor or on building rooftop.
- If constrained by facilities, the chiller and the pumpset can be installed in basement while cooling tower on the floor, on stilt or on building rooftop.
- Enclosure is not suitable for basement installation.
- Chiller and pumpset should be setup in the same machine room to minimize piping and pressure drop.

Lead time

- ≤ BYZ200: 2~4 months.
- BZY250~BZY400: 3~5 months.
- ≥BZY500: 4~6 months.

Warranty

Free warranty is to cover 12 months from commissioning or 18 months from shipment, whichever comes earlier.

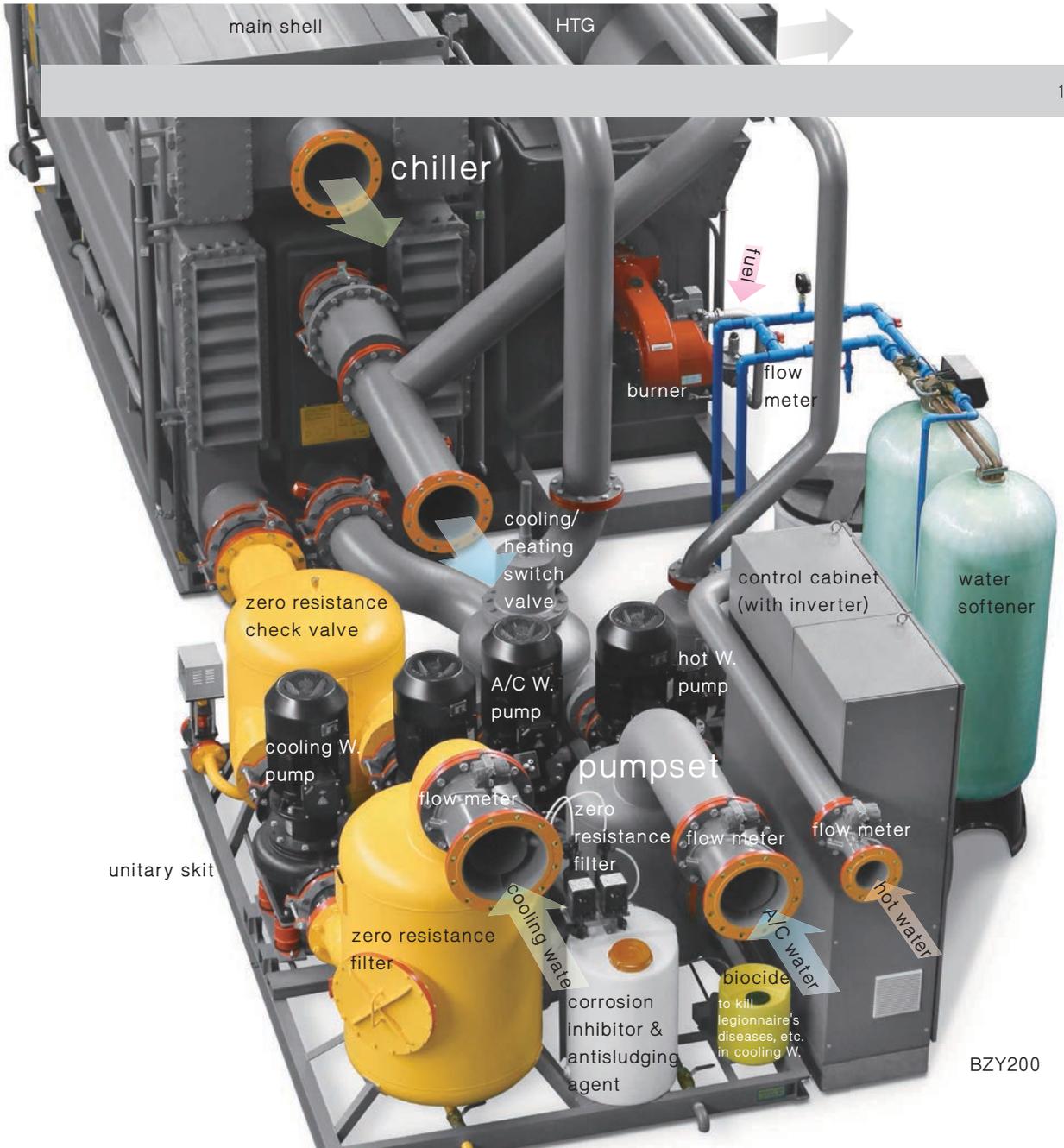
BROAD provides paid service in the whole lifespan. Service price list is available upon request.

Packaged DFA Supply List

Products	Category	Item	Remarks
Chiller	Main shell	Main shell body	Includes LTG, condenser, evaporator, absorber, cold / heat insulation
		Auto purge / vent system	Includes falling head auto purge device, auto air vent device
		Solution pump, refrigerant pump	Welded canned type
		Low temp heat exchanger	Plate type
		Motor valve	Refrigerant motor valve, etc
	HTG	HTG shell	Includes HTG body, front/rear flue chamber, frame base, etc.
		High temp heat exchanger	Plate type
		Water heater	For heating & hot water, N.A. for cooling only type
		3-way motor valve	2 pieces for heating water & hot water constant temp. control. Available to standard type only.
		Enclosure	Encloses HTG shell, high temperature heat exchanger and water heater. (Removable)
		Burner	Includes gas valve trains, filter, safety devices, muffler, etc.
		Gas flow meter	For accurate measuring of the gas consumption. Available for packaged gas-fired chiller type only.
	Control system	Chiller control cabinet	Includes low voltage components, special circuit board, PLC, etc.
		Touch screen	For operation
		External control elements	Includes temperature & pressure sensors, flow switches, solution level probes and actuators
		Inverters	Solution pump inverter and refrigerant pump inverter
		Network gateway	For internet monitoring
		BMS interface (optional)	Connects to BMS through dry contact or serial communication
	Solution	LiBr solution	Includes corrosion inhibitor and energy intensifier
	Pumpset system	Pumpset	A/C water pump
Cooling water pump			Two pumps (BZY20, BZY30, BZY50 only one pump)
Hot water pump			Two pumps (BZY20, BZY30, BZY50 only one pump) N.A. for cooling only and cooling-heating types
Pumpset piping			Includes zero resistance filter, zero resistance check valve, soft connectors, valves and vibration isolator
Enclosure piping*			Includes all piping within the system to the external connections
Piping accessories in enclosure			Includes flow switches, vent valves and their sockets, and soft connectors
Motor drain valve			When water quality becomes poor, this valve automatically drains the cooling water. It also drains cooling water automatically in winter to avoid freeze
Cooling / heating switch valve			N.A. for cooling only type
A/C water check valve			N.A. for cooling only type
Flowmeter			Includes chilled / heating W., cooling W., hot W. flow meters. For accurate measuring of the load.(N.A. for cooling W. of BY20/BY30/BY50)
Water softener			Improve water quality, provide soften water for A/C water and cooling water
Auto dosing device			Automatically charge biocide corrosion inhibitor and antisludge to the cooling water(standard configuration for BY20/BY30/BY50)
Pumpset control cabinet			Includes cooling W. pump inverter, soft starter, low voltage electric parts, etc.
Electric wiring*			Includes wires, cables, cable conduit, cable supporters, etc.
Optional	/	Enclosure	Glass epoxy shell (only for BY20/BY30/BY50)
		Auto Tube Cleaning system	Including injecting and collecting system, control system
		Exhaust economizer	Special stainless steel, asymmetric heat exchanger

Notes :

- "*" means only standard size is available. For any size change, please specify it in the purchase order.
- Supply list of waste heat chillers is available upon request.



BZY200



BZY200 XII D
BROAD PACKAGED DFA

COOLING & HOT WATER

Oct. 7th, 2016
Friday
10: 16: 18

MONITOR

SETTING

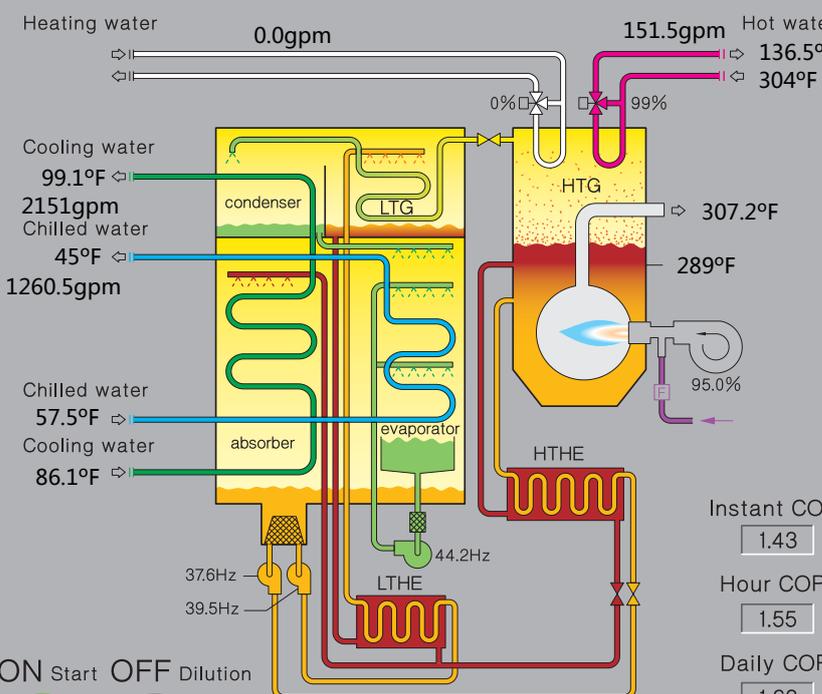
CHECK-UP

EXPENSE

INFORMATION

PROFESSION

LANGUAGE



Heating water: 0.0gpm

Hot water: 151.5gpm, 136.5°F, 304°F

Cooling water: 99.1°F, 2151gpm, 45°F, 1260.5gpm

Chilled water: 57.5°F

Cooling water: 86.1°F

HTG: 307.2°F, 289°F

Instant COP: 1.43

Hour COP: 1.55

Daily COP: 1.63

ON Start OFF Dilution

Temp. setting °F

Chilled W. outlet: 44.6

Heating W. outlet: 149

Hot W. outlet: 140

Cooling W. inlet: 86

HTG: 293

Timing on: 07:30

Timing off: 17:30

Energy saving: OK

Heating W. pump: 1# 2#

Cooling W. pump: 1# 42.0 Hz, 2#

Hot W. pump: 1# 2#

Cooling tower fan: 1# 45.0 Hz, 2# 50.0 Hz

Steam Chiller Rated Parameters (116/87/58psi)

Steam from power generation or industrial waste streams

Model	BS	20	30	50	75	100	125	150	200	250	300	400	500	600	800	1000
Cooling capacity(116/87)	RT	66	99	165	248	331	413	496	661	827	992	1323	1653	1984	2645	3307
Cooling capacity(58)	RT	52	77	129	193	258	322	387	516	645	774	1032	1290	1548	2063	2579
Chilled water																
flow(116/87)	GPM	125	187	312	469	626	780	937	1249	1563	1875	2500	3124	3749	4998	6249
flow(58)	GPM	98	146	244	365	487	609	731	975	1219	1462	1950	2437	2925	3900	4874
Pressure drop	ftH ₂ O	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	13.2	13.2	13.2	16.5	16.5	19.8	19.8	19.8	19.8	19.8
Cooling water																
flow(116/87)	GPM	211	317	528	794	1059	1322	1587	2115	2646	3174	4234	5290	6349	8464	10582
flow(58)	GPM	170	255	425	636	849	1061	1274	1698	2123	2547	3396	4245	5094	6792	8490
Pressure drop	ftH ₂ O	16.5	17	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	26.4	26.4	26.4	29.7	29.7	29.7	29.7
Steam Consumption(116/87)	lb/h	516	772	1292	1938	2584	3230	3878	5170	6464	7756	10346	12928	15512	20693	25865
Steam Consumption(58)	lb/h	437	655	1091	1636	2183	2727	3274	4363	5454	6546	8726	10908	13091	17454	21817
Power demand	kW	2.1	3.2	3.2	3.6	5.3	5.3	6.4	8.6	8.9	12.4	12.4	15.8	18.8	20.8	26.3
Solution wt	klb	1.5	2.6	4.2	4.9	5.7	7.3	7.7	11.0	14.1	16.1	20.7	24.3	30.2	37.5	44.1
Unit wt	klb	9.0	12.8	15.9	19.8	22.3	26.7	30.6	43.7	53.8	/	/	/	/	/	/
main shell wt	klb	5.3	8.8	10.4	11.5	13.0	15.2	17.9	25.6	29.5	35.5	38.8	48.3	52.5	64.4	91.5
Operating wt	klb	10.1	14.3	17.6	22.7	26.7	31.5	36.8	51.1	63.5	75.2	88.2	104.5	118.6	153.9	187.4

Packaged Steam Chiller Rated Parameters

Rated chilled water **44°F/56.7°F**, Cooling water **97.5°F/85°F**

Mode	BSY	20	30	50	75	100	125	150	200	250	300	400	500	600	800	1000	
Cooling capacity	RT	66	99	165	248	331	413	496	661	827	992	1323	1653	1984	2646	3307	
Pumpset	A/C water pump																
	External head	ftH ₂ O	72	72	72	79	79	89	89	89	92	92	92	105	105	105	105
	Power demand	kW	4	7.5	7.5	15	15	22	30	37	44	60	60	110	110	150	180
	Cooling W. pump																
	External head	ftH ₂ O	33	33	33	49	49	49	49	52.5	52.5	52.5	56	56	56	56	56
	Power demand	kW	3	7.5	7.5	15	15	22	22	37	44	44	60	90	110	150	180
	Total power demand	kW	7	15	15	30	30	44	52	74	88	104	120	200	220	300	360
Operation Wt.	klbs	1.1	1.5	1.8	7.3	7.3	7.9	8.2	13.9	14.6	15.9	19.4	13/19	135/194	135/216	212/216	
Cooling tower	Power demand	kW	5.5	11	11	11	15	15	15	22	37	37	55.5	74	74	92.5	
	Operation Wt.	klbs	5.5	9.9	11.2	13.0	16.8	31.5	31.5	41.9	51.6	51.6	63.3	77.4	103	126.5	158.3
Electricity & Water consumption	Total power demand	kW	14.6	29.2	29.2	44.6	50.3	64.3	73.4	104.6	133.9	153.4	169.4	271.3	313	394.8	478.8
	Water demand for cooling	klbs/h	1.3	2.0	3.3	4.4	6.6	8.4	9.9	13.2	16.5	19.8	26.5	33.1	39.7	52.9	66.1

General Conditions:

- Rated saturated steam pressure: 116/87/58psi, condensate temp.: 203°F.
- Rated chilled W. outlet / inlet temp.: 44°F/56.7°F).
- Rated cooling W. outlet / inlet temp.: 97.5°F/85°F.
- Lowest permitted outlet temp. for chilled water: 41°F
- Lowest permitted inlet temp. for cooling water: 50°F.
- Steam pressure upper limit 110%.
- Adjustable heating / hot water flowrate: 50%~120%.
- Pressure limit for chilled W., cooling W., : 116psi (except special order).
- Adjustable load: 5%~115%.
- Fouling factor for cooling W. : 0.00025h ft² F/Btu, for chilled W.: 0.0001 ft² F/Btu.
- Libr solution concentration: 52%. Solution is included in unit shipment Wt..
- Machine room ambient temperature: 41~109°F, humidity ≤ 85%.
- Standard climate conditions for cooling operation: 97°F, humidity 50% (wet bulb 80.6°F).
- Rated cooling COP (0.8/0.6): 1.50 (including chiller power consumption), Rated cooling COP (0.4): 1.40 (including chiller power consumption).
- Designed life: 60 years.

Performance Curves

The same as packaged DFA chiller.
Please refer to P7 for details.

Coefficient of Performance (COP)

Rated COP: 1.50			
IPLV COP: 1.72			
Load	COP	Factor	Result
100%	1.50	0.01	0.015
75%	1.731	0.42	0.727
50%	1.793	0.45	0.807
25%	1.432	0.12	0.172

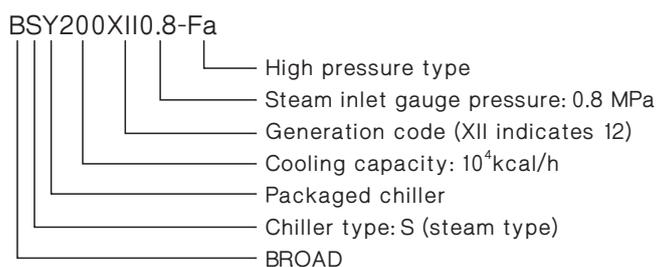
Notes:

- The integrated part load value (IPLV) reflects chiller's actual COP in operation.
- Calculated per AHRI560.

Operating Noise dB(A)

Mode BSY	20~50	75~200	≥250
Steam chiller	≤52	≤53	≤53
Pumpset	≤57	≤57	≤59
Cooling tower	≤62	≤64	≤66
Outside enclosure	≤40	≤41	≤42

Nomenclature



Note:

high pressure type (see P7).

Model Selection & Ordering

Steam selection

- Please specify saturated steam pressure and temperature.
- The temperature of overheated steam should be ≤356°F (except special order).

Other factors

Load, quantity, flow, pressure, split shipment, control, machine room, location, ordering and warranty are the same as those of packaged direct-fired chillers. Please refer to P8 for details.

Supply list

Refer to packaged DFA supply list on P9.



Packaged Hot W. / Exhaust Chiller Rated Parameters

BHY/BEY: hot water / exhaust from power generation or industrial waste streams
(pumpset, enclosure data are the same as steam chiller)

Code	Mode	Cooling capacity	Heating capacity	Chilled W.		Cooling W.		Heating W.		Hot W. Consumption	Exhaust consumption		Power demand	Solution Wt.	Unit ship. Wt.	Main shell Wt.	Chiller operation Wt.
				flow rate	Pressure drop	flow rate	Pressure drop	flow rate	Pressure drop		Cooling	Heating					
		RT	MBH	gpm	ft-H ₂ O	gpm	ft-H ₂ O	gpm	ft-H ₂ O	gpm	lb/h	lb/h	kW	klbs	klbs	klbs	klbs
Two-stage hot water chiller BH	20	66	/	126	10	211	16.5	/	/	41	/	/	2.1	1.6	9.3	5.3	10.8
	30	99	/	189	10	317	16.5	/	/	62	/	/	3.2	2.5	12.8	8.8	14.8
	50	165	/	314	10	528	16.5	/	/	103	/	/	3.2	3.1	16.5	10.4	19.2
	75	248	/	471	10	794	16.5	/	/	155	/	/	3.6	4.5	25.1	11.5	29.1
	100	331	/	630	10	1059	16.5	/	/	207	/	/	5.3	6.2	28.4	13.0	33.3
	125	413	/	788	13.2	1322	16.5	/	/	258	/	/	5.3	8.0	33.5	15.2	39.2
	150	496	/	942	13.2	1587	16.5	/	/	310	/	/	6.4	10.6	39.9	17.9	46.5
	200	611	/	1259	13.2	2115	16.5	/	/	413	/	/	8.6	12.4	49.4	25.6	57.1
	250	827	/	1572	16.5	2646	26.4	/	/	517	/	/	8.9	16.1	59.1	29.5	69.2
	300	992	/	1889	20	3174	26.4	/	/	620	/	/	12.4	18.8	/	35.5	85.1
Two-stage exhaust chiller BE	400	1323	/	2514	20	4234	26.4	/	/	828	/	/	12.4	24.1	/	39.2	103.6
	500	1653	/	3144	20	5290	30	/	/	1034	/	/	15.8	30.9	/	48.3	129.9
	600	1984	/	3773	20	6349	30	/	/	1241	/	/	18.8	37.3	/	52.5	142.6
	800	2646	/	5033	20	8464	30	/	/	1655	/	/	20.8	46.3	/	64.4	181.9
	1000	3307	/	6292	20	10582	30	/	/	2069	/	/	26.3	56.3	/	91.5	218.3
	20	666	522	126	10	211	16.5	58	6.6	/	3175	3373	2.1	2.5	13.2	5.5	14.3
	30	99	1191	189	10	317	16.5	87	6.6	/	4758	5046	3.2	3.8	18.3	9.3	19.8
	50	165	1310	314	10	528	16.5	146	6.6	/	7950	8419	3.2	5.3	23.1	11.0	25.4
75	248	1962	471n	10	794	16.5	218	6.6	/	11936	12615	3.6	7.8	29.8	12.3	33.1	
100	331	2617	630	10	1059	16.5	291	6.6	/	15906	16839	5.3	8.9	37.9	14.3	42.3	
Two-stage exhaust chiller BE	125	413	3272	788	13.2	1322	16.5	364	6.6	/	19897	21061	5.3	11.1	41.0	16.8	45.4
	150	496	3927	942	13.2	1588	16.5	436	6.6	/	23880	25232	6.4	14.4	51.1	19.6	55.6
	200	661	5234	1259	13.2	2115	16.5	582	10	/	31832	33728	8.6	17.7	68.3	28.0	75.2
	250	827	6544	1572	16.5	2646	26.4	727	10	/	39808	41967	8.9	20.3	/	32.6	85.8
	300	992	7851	1889	16.5	3174	26.4	872	13.2	/	47758	50463	12.4	25.4	/	39.2	109.1
	400	1323	10468	2514	20	4234	26.4	1163	13.2	/	63717	67456	12.4	33.1	/	43.7	134.9
	500	1653	13085	3144	20	5290	30	1454	16.5	/	79619	84191	15.8	43.3	/	55.1	170.9
	600	1984	15702	3773	20	6349	30	1745	16.5	/	95530	101442	18.8	50.8	/	60.6	198.4
	800	2645	20940	5033	20	8464	30	2327	20	/	127426	134655	20.8	59.6	/	66.1	241.4
	1000	3307	26174	6292	20	10582	30	2908	20	/	159274	168383	26.3	68.4	/	70.5	264.6

General Conditions:

- Rated hot W. inlet / outlet temp. for hot W. chiller: 356°F/329°F.
- Rated exhaust inlet / outlet temp. for exhaust chiller: 932°F/320°F.
- Rated chilled W. outlet / inlet temp.: 44°F/56.7°F
- Rated cooling W. outlet / inlet temp.: 97.5°F/85°F
- Rated heating W. outlet / inlet temp. for two-stage exhaust chiller: 149°F/131°F
- Lowest permitted outlet temp. for chilled water: 41°F
- Lowest permitted inlet temp. for cooling water: 50°F
- Adjustable chilled water flowrate: 50%~120%.
- Pressure limit for chilled / cooling water: 150psig (except special order).
- Adjustable load: 5%~115%.
- Fouling factor for cooling W. : 0.00025h ft² F/Btu, for chilled W. / heating W.: 0.0001 ft² F/Btu.
- LiBr Solution concentration: 54%, solution is included in unit shipment Wt..
- Machine room ambient temperature: 41~109.4°F, humidity ≤85%.
- Rated cooling COP: 1.50 (including chiller power consumption), Rated heating COP for exhaust chiller: 0.93 (including chiller power consumption).
- Designed life: 60 years.
- Please refer to P7, P8 & P9 for performance curves, model selection & ordering and supply list information.

Packaged Single-stage Steam / Hot W. Chiller Rated Parameters

BDSY/BDHY: steam / hot water from power generation, solar panels or industrial waste streams
(pumpset, enclosure data are the same as steam chiller)

Code	Mode	Cooling capacity	Chilled W.		Cooling W.		Steam consumption	Hot W. consumption	Power demand	Solution Wt.	Unit ship. Wt.	Main shell ship. Wt.	Chiller operation Wt.
			flow rate	Pressure drop	flow rate	Pressure drop							
			gpm	ftH ₂ O	gpm	ftH ₂ O							
Single-stage steam chiller BDS steam 14.5psig	20	66	125	10	287	28	1008	/	2.2	1.4	7.5	/	7.5
	30	99	187	10	431	28	1515	/	2.2	1.5	9.0	/	13.0
	50	165	312	10	718	28	2526	/	2.5	2.5	12.3	/	16.3
	75	248	469	10	1079	28	3788	/	7.7	3.1	16.3	/	20.9
	100	331	626	10	1440	28	5053	/	7.9	4.0	18.7	/	23.6
	125	413	780	13.2	1797	28	6318	/	7.9	5.1	21.2	/	27.8
	150	496	937	13.2	2158	28	7584	/	7.9	6.2	26.0	/	31.1
	200	661	1249	13.2	2876	28	10110	/	8.8	8.9	37.0	/	43.2
	250	827	1563	16.5	3598	33	12639	/	9.6	11.1	42.8	/	52.0
	300	992	1875	16.5	4316	33	15170	/	9.6	12.4	49.6	/	63.5
Single-stage hot water chiller BDH hot water 208°F	20	60	113	8.3	267	25	/	105	2.2	1.4	7.7	/	8.2
	30	86	163	8.3	382	25	/	158	2.2	1.6	9.3	/	13.4
	50	146	276	8.3	649	25	/	263	2.5	2.5	12.8	/	17.4
	75	218	412	8.3	969	25	/	395	7.7	3.1	16.5	/	21.6
	100	292	552	8.3	1298	25	/	527	7.9	4.0	19.4	/	24.7
	125	365	690	10	1623	25	/	659	7.9	5.1	21.8	/	29.3
	150	439	830	10	1952	25	/	791	7.9	6.2	26.5	/	32.0
	200	585	1106	10	2601	25	/	1054	8.8	8.9	37.9	/	45.2
	250	730	1380	13.2	3246	30	/	1317	9.6	11.1	43.2	/	54.2
	300	877	1657	13.2	3899	30	/	1582	9.6	12.4	50.3	/	67.9
400	1169	2209	16.5	5198	30	/	2108	13.9	14.4	52.5	/	78.3	
500	1461	2761	16.5	6496	30	/	2635	16.4	22.1	/	52.7	100.1	
600	1754	3315	16.5	7799	30	/	3162	20.6	24.3	/	58.6	115.1	
800	2327	4397	20	10347	33	/	4215	29.2	28.7	/	69.2	145.3	
1000	2909	5497	20	12934	33	/	5271	29.2	33.8	/	91.3	178.1	

General Conditions:

- Rated saturated steam pressure for BDS chiller 14.5psig, Rated condensate temperature for BDS chiller: 203°F.
- Rated hot W. inlet / outlet temp. for single-stage hot W. chiller: 208°F/190°F.
- Rated chilled W. outlet / inlet temp.: 44°F/56.7°F
- Rated cooling W. outlet / inlet temp.: 97.5°F/85°F
- Lowest permitted outlet temp. for chilled water: 41°F.
- Lowest permitted inlet temp. for cooling water: 50°F
- Adjustable chilled water flowrate: 50%~120%.
- Pressure limit for chilled / cooling water: 150psig (except special order).
- Adjustable load: 5%~115%.
- Fouling factor for cooling W. :0.00025h ft² F/Btu, for chilled W.:0.0001 ft² F/Btu.
- LiBr Solution concentration: 43%, solution is included in unit shipment Wt..
- Machine room ambient temperature: 41~109.4°F, humidity ≤ 85%.
- Rated cooling COP for single-stage steam chiller: 0.79 (including chiller power consumption), Rated cooling COP for single-stage hot W. chiller: 0.76 (including chiller power consumption).
- Designed lifespan: 60 years.
- Please refer to P7, P8 & P9 for performance curves, model selection & ordering and supply list information.

Energy consumption							Unit wt.	Main ship. wt.	Oper- ation wt.
Cooling			Heating		Hot water				
NG	Exhaust	Hot W.	NG	Exhaust	NG	Exhaust			
MBH	lb/h	gpm	MBH	lb/h	MBH	lb/h	klbs	klbs	klbs
558	952	/	657	1012	294	1012	12.3	5.3	13.2
837	1426	/	987	1515	440	1515	18.3	8.8	19.6
1394	2385	/	1647	2526	734	2526	22.9	10.4	24.0
2096	3580	/	2465	3785	1101	3785	29.8	11.5	32.4
2797	4771	/	3291	5051	1468	5051	37.3	13.0	41.4
3490	5968	/	4113	6318	1834	6318	43.0	15.2	45.6
4192	7165	/	4949	7571	2201	7571	50.9	17.9	56.0
5586	9550	/	6571	10119	2935	10119	65.5	25.6	71.9
6989	11942	/	8236	12590	3669	12590	/	29.5	84.7
8383	14328	/	9858	15139	4403	15139	/	35.5	102.3
11180	19116	/	13142	20236	5870	20236	/	38.8	123.9
13969	23885	/	16469	25258	/	/	/	48.3	147.9
16766	28660	/	19757	30432	/	/	/	52.5	178.6
22352	38228	/	26327	40397	/	/	/	64.4	228.8
27946	47783	/	32898	50514	/	/	/	91.5	256.2
/	3175	29	/	3373	/	/	14.8	5.5	16.5
/	4758	44	/	5046	/	/	20.3	9.0	22.5
/	7950	72	/	8419	/	/	24.7	10.8	28.2
/	11936	109	/	12615	/	/	31.3	12.6	36.4
/	15906	145	/	16839	/	/	38.4	14.6	43.4
/	19897	181	/	21061	/	/	42.1	17.2	47.6
/	23880	217	/	25232	/	/	50.7	19.2	56.2
/	31832	290	/	33728	/	/	68.8	27.1	78.3
/	39808	362	/	41967	/	/	/	31.5	89.5
/	47758	435	/	50463	/	/	/	39.2	112.4
/	63717	581	/	67456	/	/	/	42.8	140.4
/	79619	722	/	84191	/	/	/	52.7	173.9
/	95530	867	/	101442	/	/	/	58.6	204.8
/	127426	1158	/	134655	/	/	/	69.2	244.3
/	159274	1449	/	168383	/	/	/	91.3	288.4
558	952	29	657	1012	294	1012	13.2	5.5	14.8
837	1426	44	987	1515	440	1515	19.6	9.0	21.4
1394	2385	72	1647	2526	734	2526	24.3	10.8	26.5
2096	3580	109	2465	3785	1101	3785	31.1	12.6	36.4
2797	4771	145	3291	5051	1468	5051	38.4	14.6	44.3
3490	5968	181	4113	6318	1834	6318	46.1	17.2	52.5
4192	7165	217	4949	7571	2201	7571	53.4	19.2	60.0
5586	9550	290	6571	10119	2935	10119	68.6	27.1	77.8
6989	11942	362	8236	12590	3669	12590	/	31.5	92.6
8383	14328	435	9858	15139	4403	15139	/	39.2	113.1
11180	19116	581	13142	20236	5870	20236	/	42.8	137.8
13969	23885	722	16469	25258	/	/	/	52.7	165.3
16766	28660	867	19757	30432	/	/	/	58.6	204.6
22352	38228	1158	26327	40397	/	/	/	69.2	256.2
27946	47783	1449	32898	50514	/	/	/	91.3	304.7

General Conditions:

- Rated chilled W. outlet / inlet temp. : 44°F/56.7°F.
- Rated cooling W. outlet / inlet temp. : 97.5°F/85°F.
- Rated heating W. outlet / inlet temp. : 149°F/131°F.
- Rated hot W. outlet / inlet temp. : 176°F/140°F.
- Lowest permitted outlet temp. for chilled water: 41°F.
- Highest permitted outlet temp. for heating / hot water: 203°F.
- Lowest permitted inlet temp. for cooling water: 50°F.
- Adjustable chilled water flowrate: 50%~120%.
- Adjustable heating / hot water flowrate: 65%~120%.
- Pressure limit for chilled W., cooling W., heating W., hot W. 150psig (except special order).
- Adjustable load: 5%~115%.
- Fouling factor for cooling W. : 0.00025h ft² F/Btu, for chilled W. / heating W./hot W.: 0.0001h ft² F/Btu.
- LiBr Solution concentration: 54%.
Solution is included in unit shipment Wt..
- Natural gas consumption is calculated: 900Btu/ft³(8600kcal/Nm³).
- Standard natural gas dynamic pressure is 2.3~7.3psig. Static pressure is <7.3psig, lower or higher pressure can be accommodated to special orders.
- Machine room ambient temperature: 41~109.4°F, humidity ≤85%.
- Standard climate conditions for cooling operation: 96.8°F, humidity 50% (wet bulb 80.6°F).
- Exhaust provides 30% of the total capacity per standard design of BZE/ BZHE. Over 30% can be accommodated into special orders.
- Energy consumption is for separate operation of heat source and fuel.
- Designed lifespan: 60 years.
- Please refer to P7, P8 & P9 for performance curves, model selection & ordering and supply list.

Note:

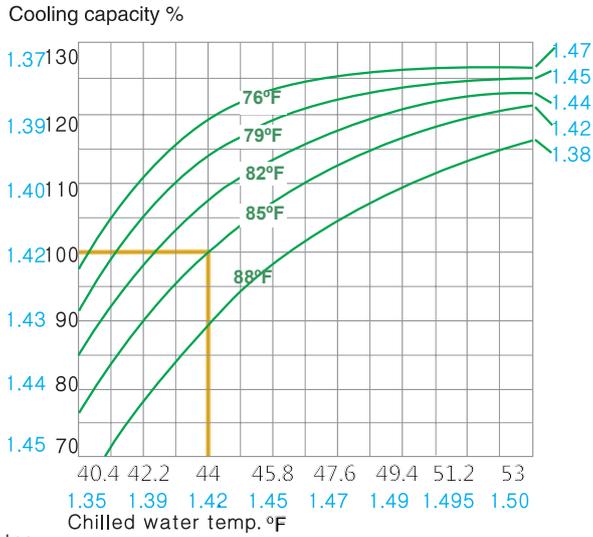
exhaust, hot water, steam, natural gas can be combined in special order.

Model Selection Curves

chilled/cooling water temp., cooling capacity, COP

(orange means the rated value)

BZ

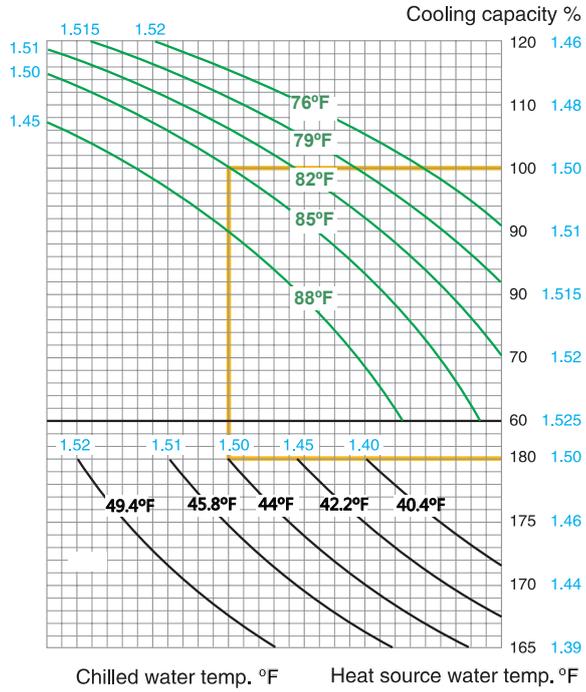


Notes:

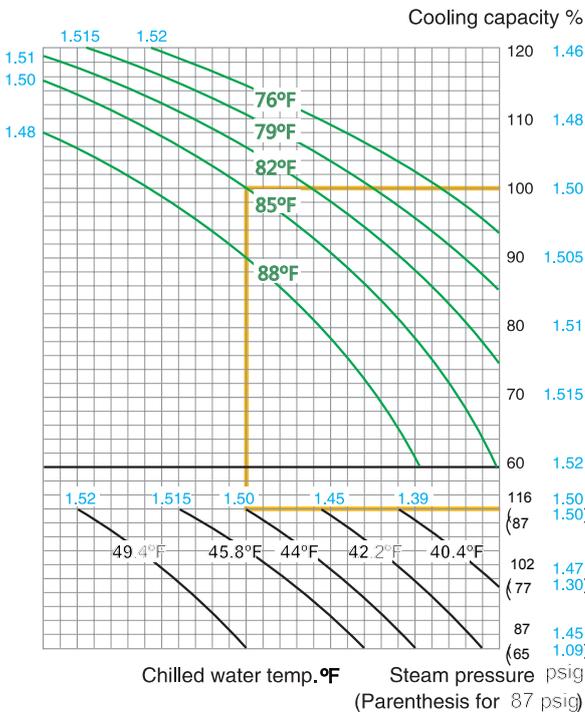
the figure in blue is COP. In calculation, 3 COP values are added up and then divided by 3. e.g.

- Cooling capacity is 100%, cooling water temp. is 82.4°F, then chilled water temp. is 43°F, COP is 1.419; i.e. $(1.42+1.44+1.419)/3=1.419$.
- Chilled water temp. is 50°F, cooling water temp. is 86°F, then cooling capacity is 116%, COP=1.435.
- Cooling capacity is 90%, chilled water is 42.8°F, then cooling water temp. is 30°C, COP=1.413.

BH



BS

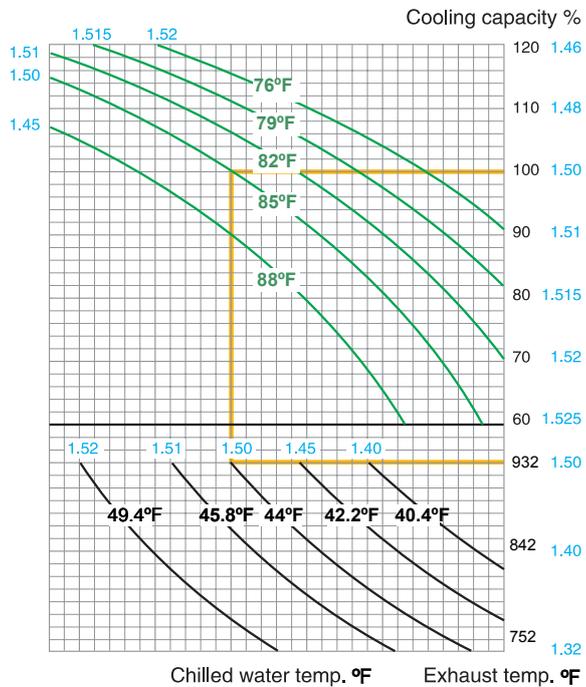


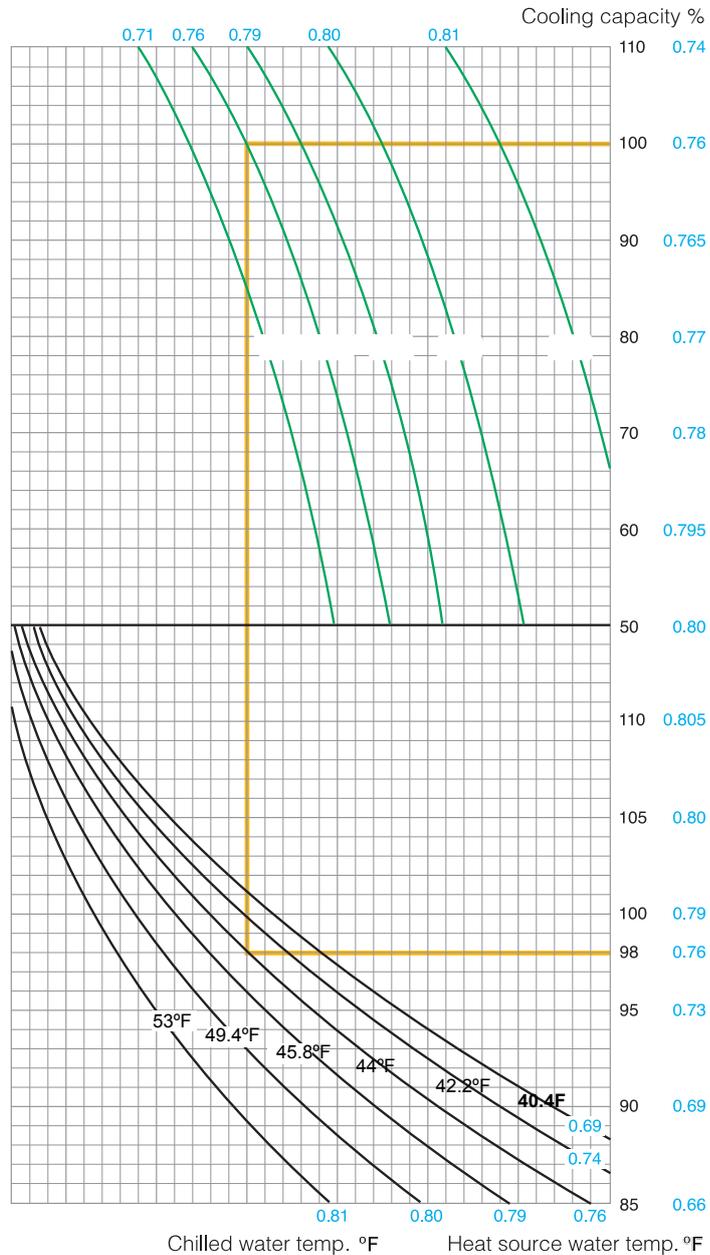
Notes:

the figure in blue is COP. In calculation, 4 COP values are added up and then divided by 4. e.g.

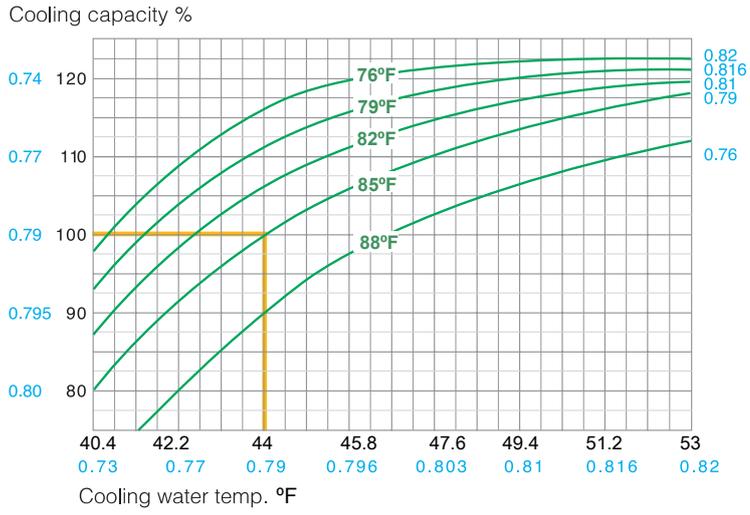
- Cooling capacity is 90%, steam pressure 116psig, chilled water temp. is 42.8°F, then cooling water temp. is 86.9°F, COP=1.488; $(1.505+1.5+1.45+1.498)/4=1.488$.
- Steam pressure 101.5 psig, chilled water temp. is 46.4°F, cooling water temp. is 82.4°F, then cooling capacity is 106%, COP=1.496.
- Cooling capacity is 90%, steam pressure 72.5psig, cooling water temp. 86°F, then chilled water temp. is 44.6°F, COP is 1.451.

BE



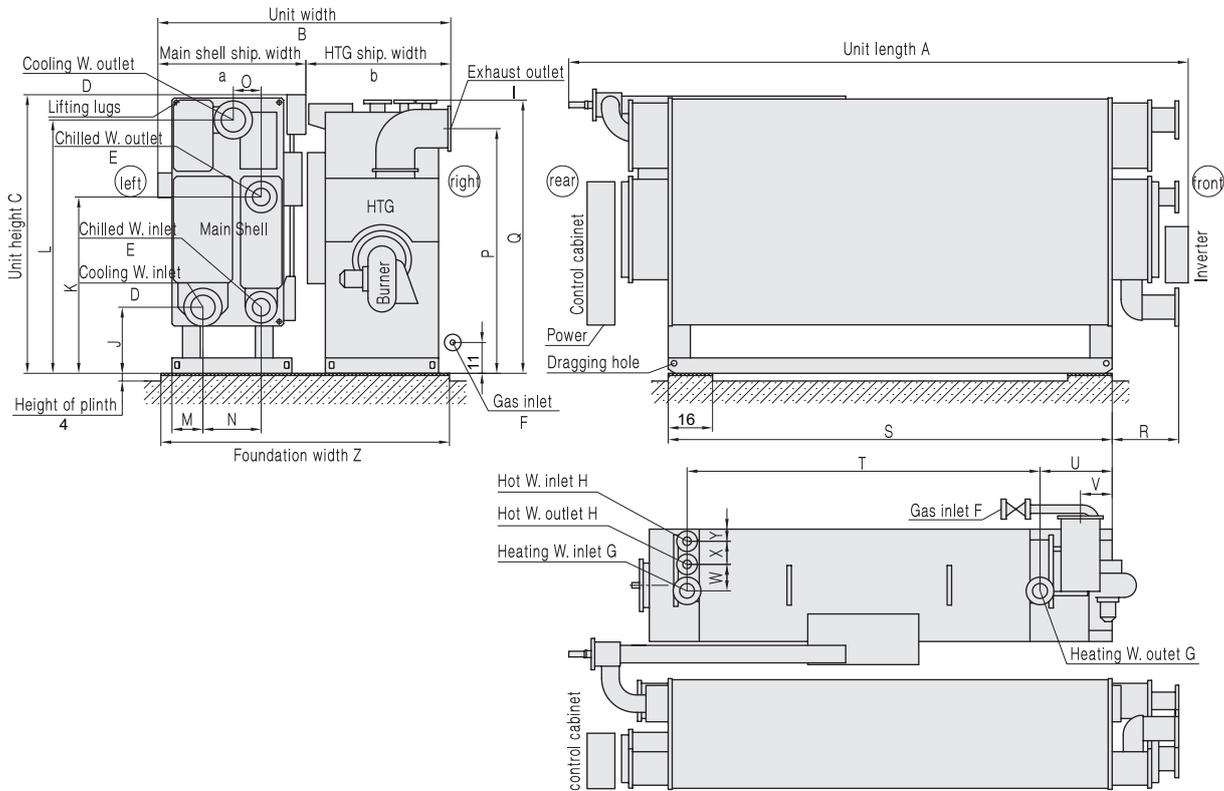


BDS



DFA Dimensions

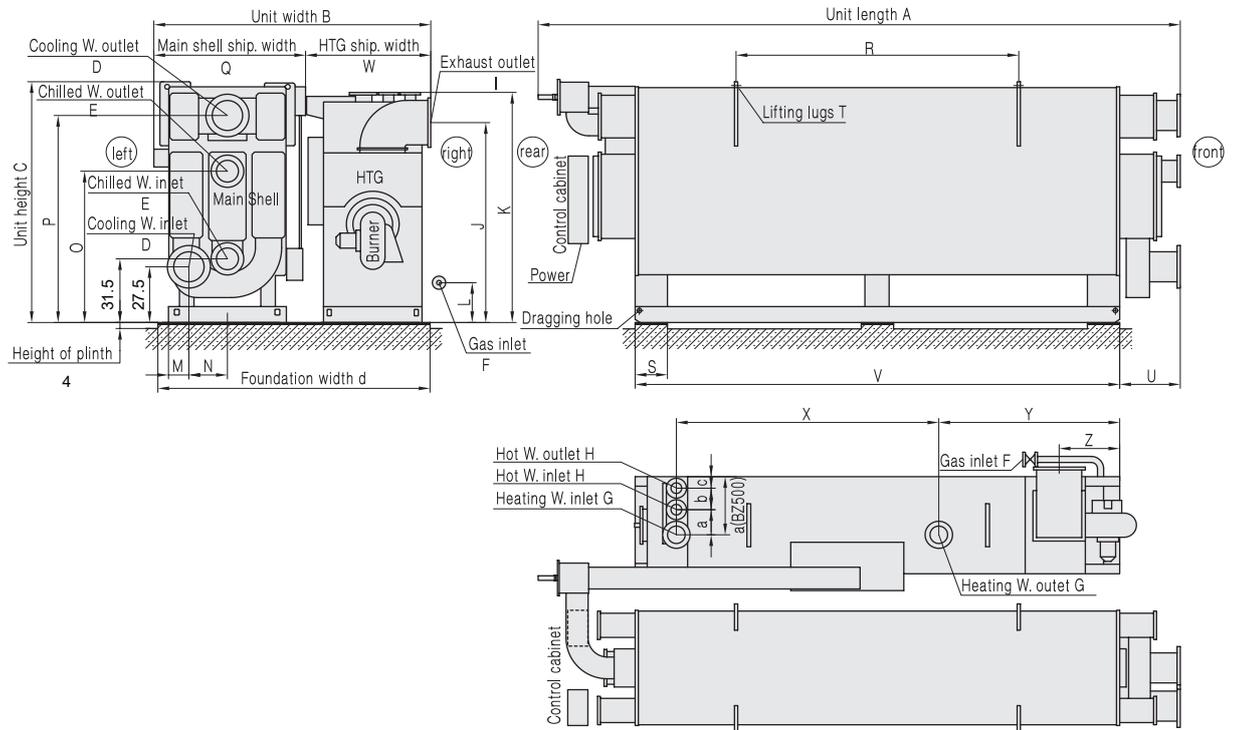
BZ75/BZ 100/BZ 125/BZ 150



unit: inch

Mode	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
BZ75	220.5	90.5	99.5	NPS8	NPS6	NPS1	NPS4	NPS2.5	12.5×12.5	23.5
BZ100	219.5	104.0	99.5	NPS8	NPS6	NPS1.5	NPS5	NPS2.5	14.0×14.0	23.5
BZ125	265.5	103.0	103.5	NPS10	NPS8	NPS1.5	NPS6	NPS3	16.0×16.0	23.5
BZ150	264.0	109.0	115.5	NPS10	NPS8	NPS1.5	NPS6	NPS3	17.0×17.0	31.5
Mode	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
BZ75	63.0	90.5	9.0	17.0	6.5	87.0	97.5	23.5	157.5	125.0
BZ100	63.0	90.5	11.0	20.5	10.0	86.5	97.5	23.5	157.5	125.0
BZ125	63.0	90.5	12.0	20.5	9.0	81.0	98.5	27.5	197.0	127.0
BZ150	75.0	106.5	13.5	20.5	7.5	98.0	113.5	27.5	197.0	127.0
Mode	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	a	b		
BZ75	25.5	12.0	8.5	8.0	4.0	90.5	45.0	49.0		
BZ100	25.5	11.0	9.5	8.5	4.0	102.5	55.0	55.0		
BZ125	54.0	25.0	10.0	8.5	4.5	102.5	55.0	55.0		
BZ150	54.0	24.5	10.0	8.5	4.5	110.0	55.0	61.0		

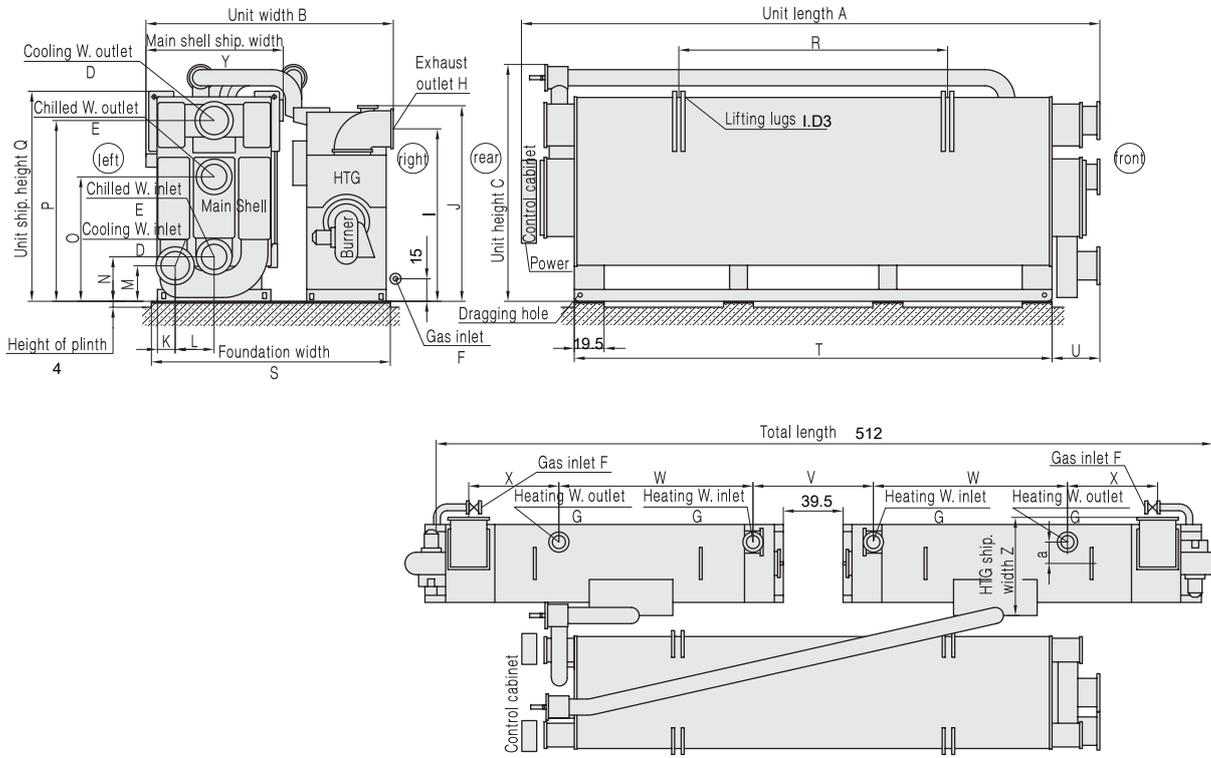
DFA Dimensions BZ200/BZ250/BZ300/BZ400/BZ500



unit: inch

Mode	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
BZ200	266.0	133.0	119.0	NPS12	NPS10	NPS2	NPS8	NPS5	22.0×22.0	99.0
BZ250	313.0	133.0	120.0	NPS14	NPS10	NPS2	NPS8	NPS5	22.0×22.0	99.0
BZ300	316.0	147.5	120.0	NPS14	NPS12	NPS2.5	NPS8	NPS5	24.0×24.0	98.0
BZ400	318.0	160.0	139.5	NPS16	NPS12	NPS2.5	NPS10	NPS6	28.0×28.0	114.0
BZ500	399.0	168.0	139.5	NPS16	NPS14	NPS3	NPS10	/	31.0×31.0	116.0
Mode	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
BZ200	114.0	12.5	10.0	18.5	75.0	102.5	74.0	114.0	16.0	I.D2
BZ250	114.0	12.5	10.0	18.5	75.0	102.5	74.0	138.0	16.0	I.D2
BZ300	114.0	15.0	10.5	22.5	75.0	102.5	83.5	138.0	16.0	I.D2
BZ400	129.5	15.0	11.0	24.5	83.0	120.0	88.0	138.0	16.0	I.D3
BZ500	129.5	15.0	11.0	24.5	83.0	120.0	90.5	177.0	20.0	I.D3
Mode	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	a	b	c	d
BZ200	27.5	197.0	67.0	128.0	53.0	22.0	12.4	10.5	5.0	134.0
BZ250	29.5	236.0	67.0	128.0	88.0	29.5	12.4	10.5	6.0	134.0
BZ300	29.5	236.0	72.5	128.0	88.0	28.5	12.4	10.5	6.0	146.0
BZ400	29.5	236.0	82.0	129.0	88.0	26.6	14.4	12.0	7.0	157.5
BZ500	29.5	315.0	90.5	130.0	140.5	78.1	15.7	/	/	165.0

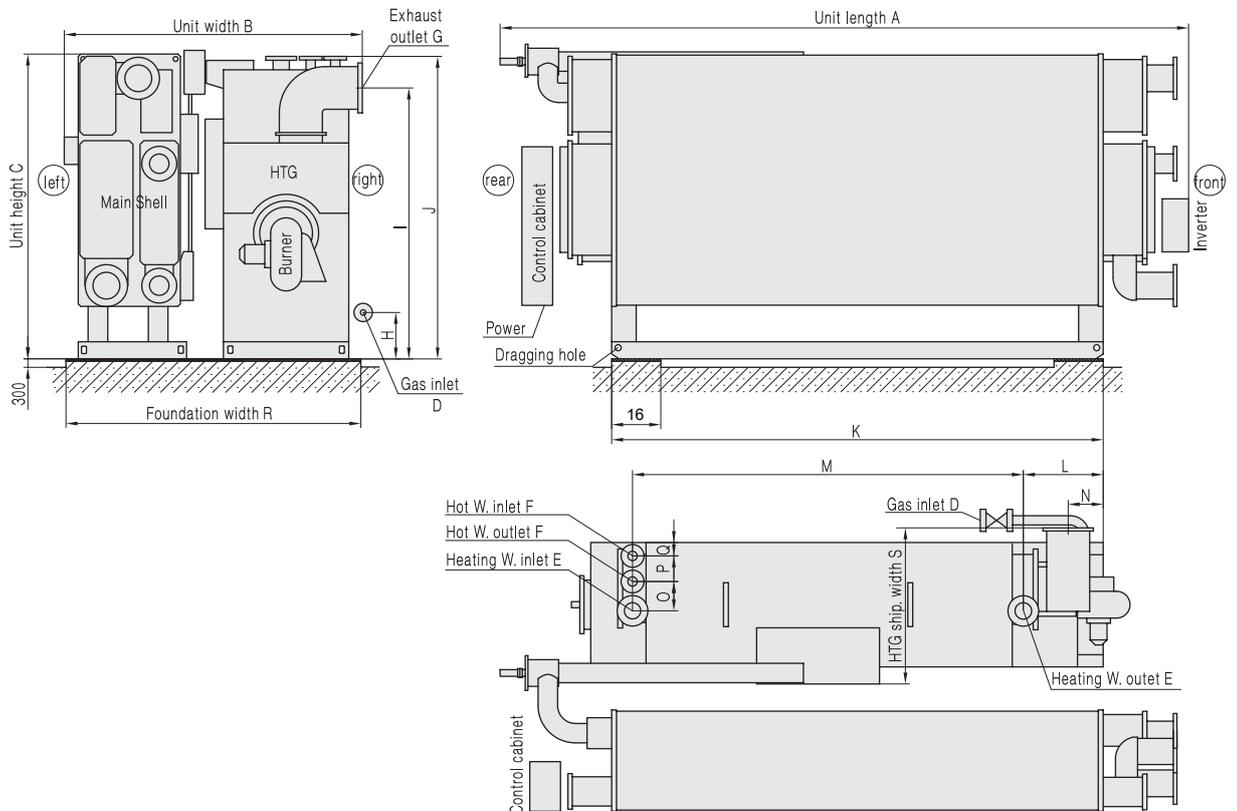
DFA Dimensions
BZ600/BZ800/BZ1000



unit: iunit: inch									
Mode	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
BZ600	381.0	161.5	157.5	NPS18	NPS16	NPS2.5	NPS8	24.0×24.0	114.0
BZ800	385.0	175.0	175.5	NPS20	NPS18	NPS2.5	NPS10	28.0×28.0	130.0
BZ1000	464.0	180.0	178.0	NPS20	NPS18	NPS3	NPS10	31.0×31.0	132.0
Mode	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R
BZ600	130.0	12.0	25.5	23.5	29.5	83.0	120.0	139.5	177.0
BZ800	146.0	13.0	26.5	20.0	28.5	94.5	136.0	157.0	177.0
BZ1000	146.0	13.0	26.5	20.0	28.5	94.5	136.0	157.0	185.0
Mode	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	a
BZ600	157.5	315.0	31.5	79.0	128.0	59.5	92.5	73.0	14.0
BZ800	173.0	315.0	33.5	77.5	130.0	60.5	102.5	78.0	15.5
BZ1000	177.0	394.0	33.5	77.0	130.0	62.0	102.5	78.0	15.5

DFA Enlarged Model Dimensions

BZ75/BZ100/BZ125/BZ150

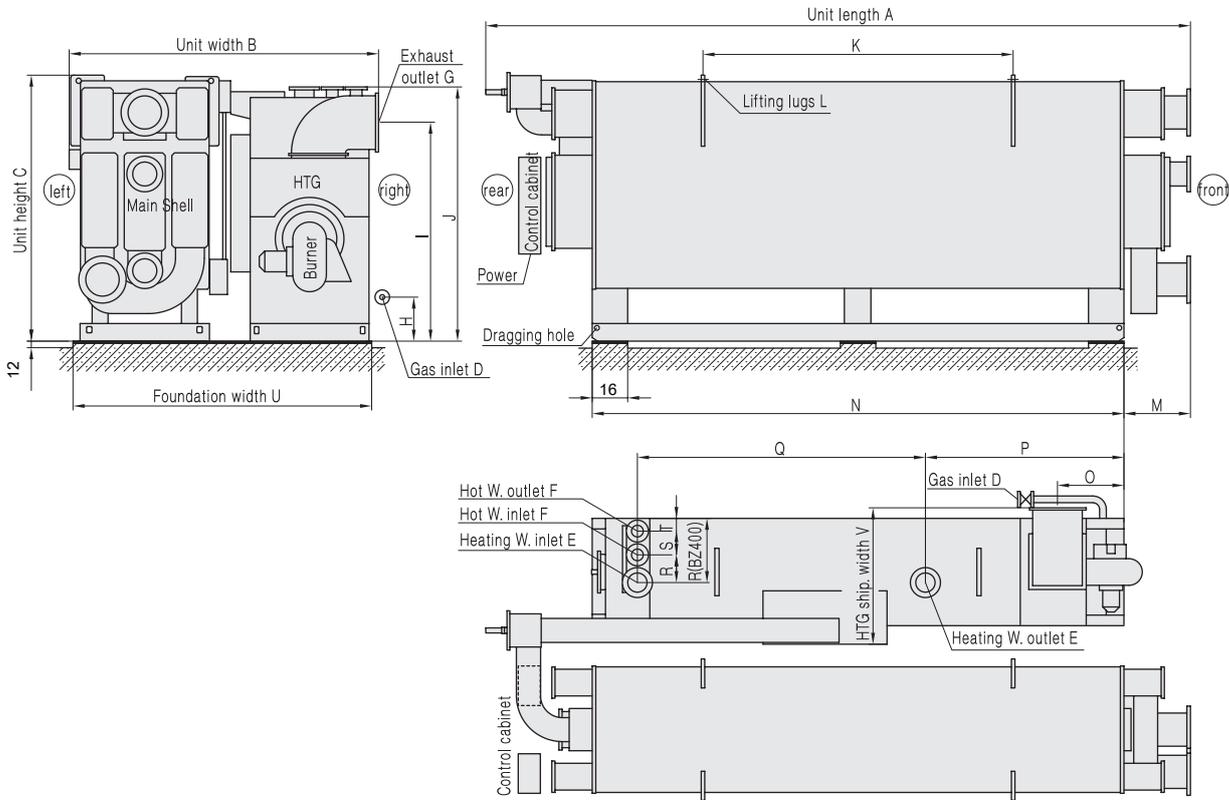


HTG Enlarged H₃, H₄ dimensions (HTG Enlarged H₁, H₂ is the same size with standard models)
 (Refer to P23 of the DFA standard model for dimensions not shown in the drawing)

unit: inch										
Mode	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
BZ75	220.5	95.5	101.5	NPS1.5	NPS5	NPS2.5	14.0×14.0	11	86.5	97.5
BZ100	220.0	104.0	101.5	NPS1.5	NPS6	NPS3	16.0×16.0	11	80.0	97.5
BZ125	265.5	108.0	103.5	NPS1.5	NPS6	NPS3	17.0×17.0	11	83.0	98.5
BZ150	264.0	112.0	119.0	NPS2	NPS8	NPS5	22.0×22.0	12.5	99.0	114.0
Mode	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	
BZ75	157.5	25.5	125.0	11.0	9.5	8.0	4.0	94.5	55.0	
BZ100	157.5	29.5	127.0	13.0	10.0	9.0	4.0	102.5	55.0	
BZ125	197.0	54.0	127.0	24.5	10.0	9.0	4.0	110.0	61.0	
BZ150	197.0	53.0	128.0	22.0	12.5	10.5	5.0	114.0	67.0	

DFA Enlarged Model Dimensions

BZ200/BZ250/BZ300/BZ400

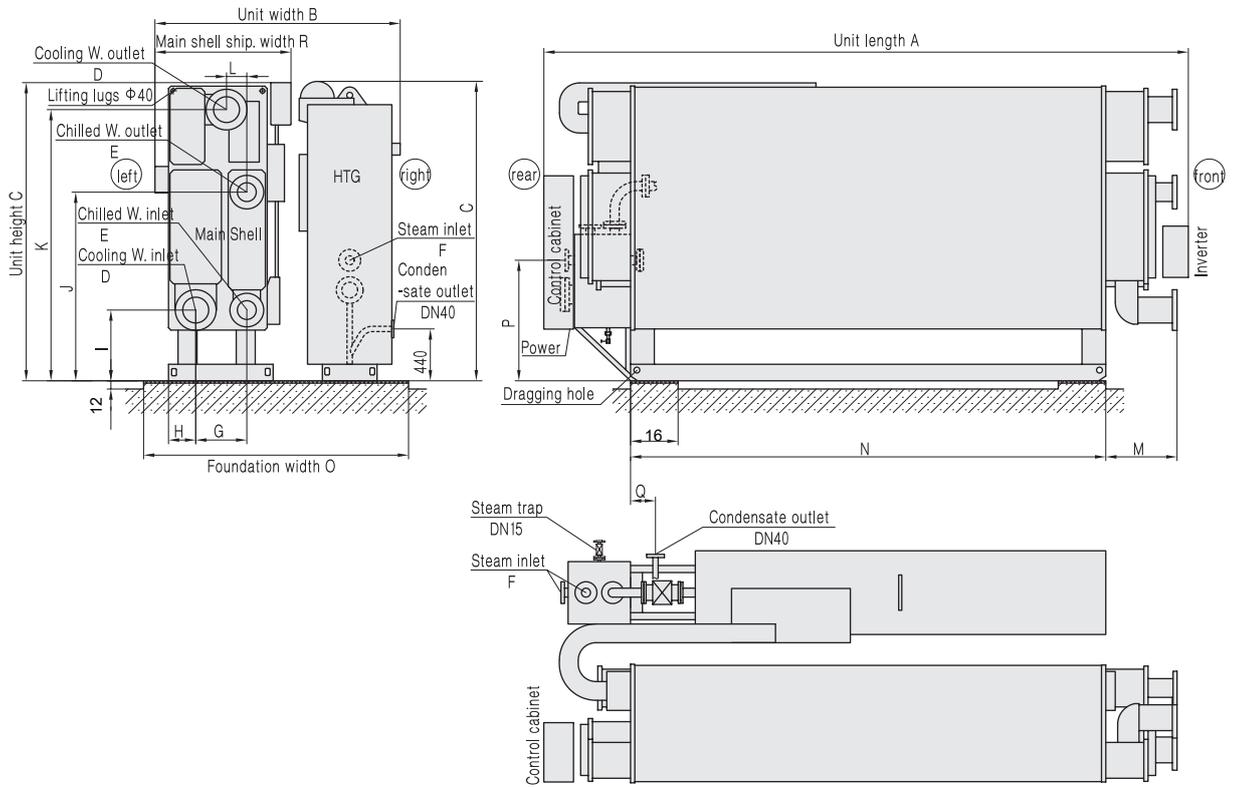


HTG Enlarged H₃, H₄ dimensions (HTG Enlarged H₁, H₂ is the same size with standard models)
 (Refer to P24 of the DFA standard model for dimensions not shown in the drawing)

unit: inch

Mode	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
BZ200	266.0	133.0	119.5	NPS2	NPS8	NPS5	22.0×22.0	12.5	99.0	114.0	114.0
BZ250	313.0	137.5	120.0	NPS2.5	NPS8	NPS5	24.0×24.0	15.0	98.0	114.0	138.0
BZ300	316.0	153.0	120.0	NPS2.5	NPS10	NPS6	28.0×28.0	15.0	107.0	122.0	138.0
BZ400	318.0	164.5	138.0	NPS3	NPS10	/	31.0×31.0	15.0	116.0	129.5	138.0
Mode	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V
BZ200	I.D2	27.5	197.0	6.5	65.0	128.0	12.5	10.5	6.0	134.0	67.0
BZ250	I.D2	29.5	236.0	28.5	88.0	128.0	12.5	10.5	6.0	134.0	72.5
BZ300	I.D2	29.5	236.0	26.5	87.0	131.0	14.5	12.0	7.0	149.5	82.0
BZ400	I.D3	29.5	236.0	24.5	87.0	131.0	16.0	/	/	165.0	90.5

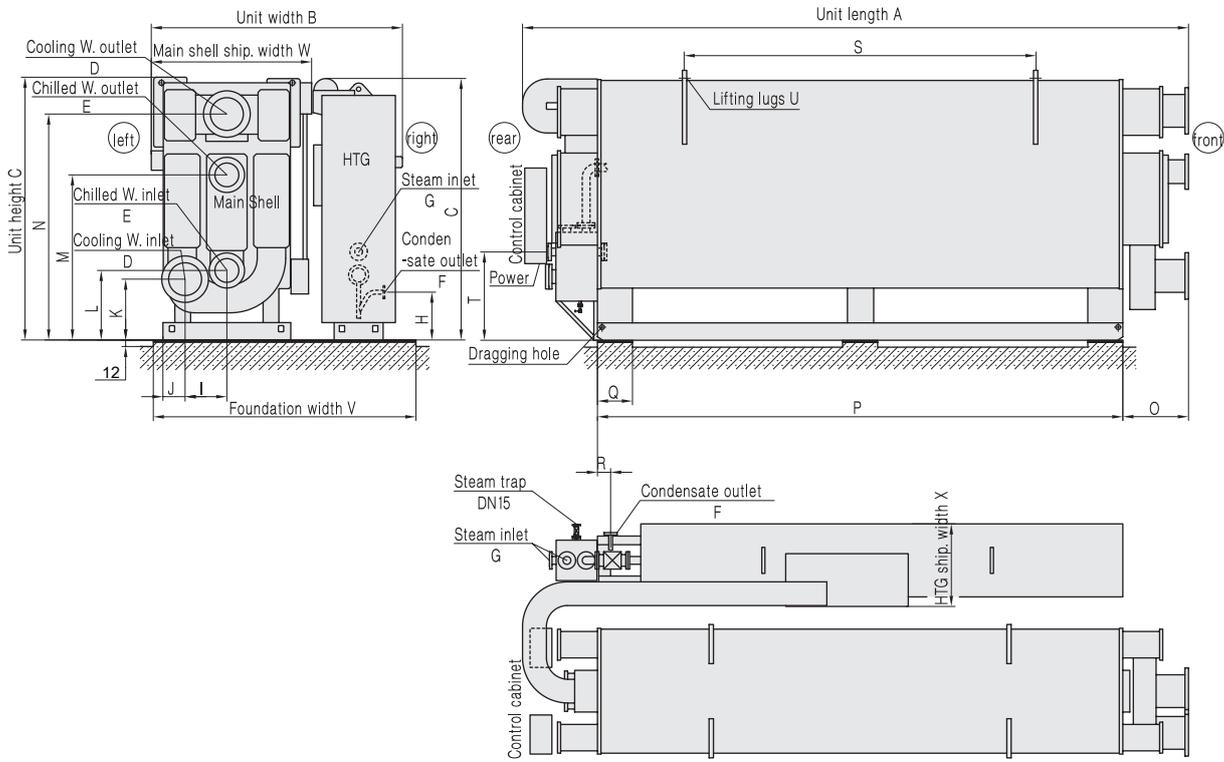
Steam Chiller Dimensions (116psig) BS75/BS100/BS125/BS150



units: inch									
Mode	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
BS75	220.5	79.0	99.5	NPS8	NPS6	NPS2	17.0	9.0	23.5
BS100	220.0	87.5	99.5	NPS8	NPS6	NPS2.5	21.0	11.0	23.5
BS125	265.5	87.5	101.0	NPS10	NPS8	NPS2.5	21.0	12.0	23.5
BS150	264.0	92.5	117.5	NPS10	NPS8	NPS2.5	21.0	13.5	31.5
Mode	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R
BS75	63.0	90.5	7.0	23.5	157.5	79.0	40.5	12.5	47.0
BS100	63.0	90.5	10.0	23.5	157.5	90.5	40.0	8.0	55.0
BS125	63.0	90.5	9.0	27.5	197.0	90.5	40.0	9.0	55.0
BS150	75.0	106.0	7.5	27.5	197.0	94.5	40.0	9.0	55.0

Steam Chiller Dimensions (116psig)

BS200/BS250/BS300/BS400/BS500/BS600/BS800/BS1000



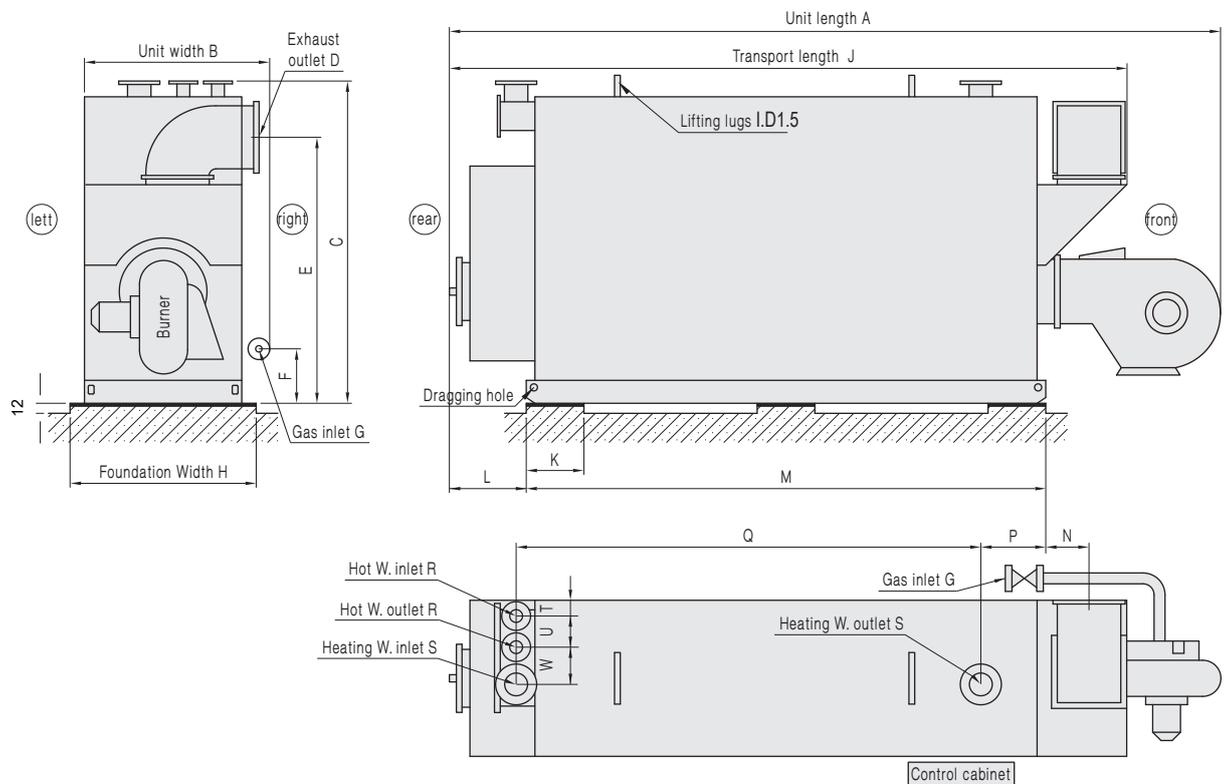
units: inch

Mode	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
BS200	256.0	112.5	119.0	NPS12	NPS10	NPS1.5	NPS3	22.0	19.0	10.0	27.5	31.5
BS250	299.0	115.5	119.0	NPS14	NPS10	NPS1.5	NPS3	22.0	19.0	10.0	27.5	31.5
BS300	301.5	128.0	119.0	NPS14	NPS12	NPS2	NPS4	22.0	22.5	10.5	27.5	31.5
BS400	305.5	136.5	139.5	NPS16	NPS12	NPS2	NPS4	23.5	24.5	11.0	27.5	31.5
BS500	386.0	140.5	139.5	NPS16	NPS14	NPS2	NPS5	23.5	24.5	11.0	27.5	31.5
BS600	381.0	144.0	154.0	NPS18	NPS16	NPS2.5	NPS5	23.5	25.5	12.0	23.5	29.5
BS800	385.0	161.5	172.0	NPS20	NPS18	NPS2.5	NPS6	23.5	26.5	13.0	20.0	28.5
BS1000	464.5	161.5	174.5	NPS20	NPS18	NPS2.5	NPS6	23.5	26.5	13.0	20.0	28.5
Mode	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X
BS200	75.0	102.5	27.5	197.0	16.0	7.0	114.0	40.0	I.D2	118.0	74.0	47.0
BS250	75.0	102.5	29.5	236.0	16.0	6.0	138.0	40.0	I.D2	118.0	74.0	47.0
BS300	75.0	102.5	29.5	236.0	16.0	5.5	138.0	39.5	I.D2	134.0	83.5	53.0
BS400	83.0	120.0	29.5	236.0	16.0	3.0	138.0	39.5	I.D3	138.0	88.0	55.0
BS500	83.0	120.0	29.5	315.0	20.0	48.0	177.0	53.0	I.D3	138.0	90.5	55.0
BS600	83.0	120.0	31.5	315.0	20.0	49.0	177.0	53.0	I.D3	146.0	92.5	59.0
BS800	94.5	136.0	33.5	315.0	20.0	48.5	177.0	52.5	I.D3	161.5	102.5	75.0
BS1000	94.5	136.0	33.5	394.0	20.0	47.0	185.0	52.5	I.D3	161.5	102.5	79.0

Note:
Some dimension drawings are not included in this manual. Please request from BROAD.

Direct-fired Heater Dimensions

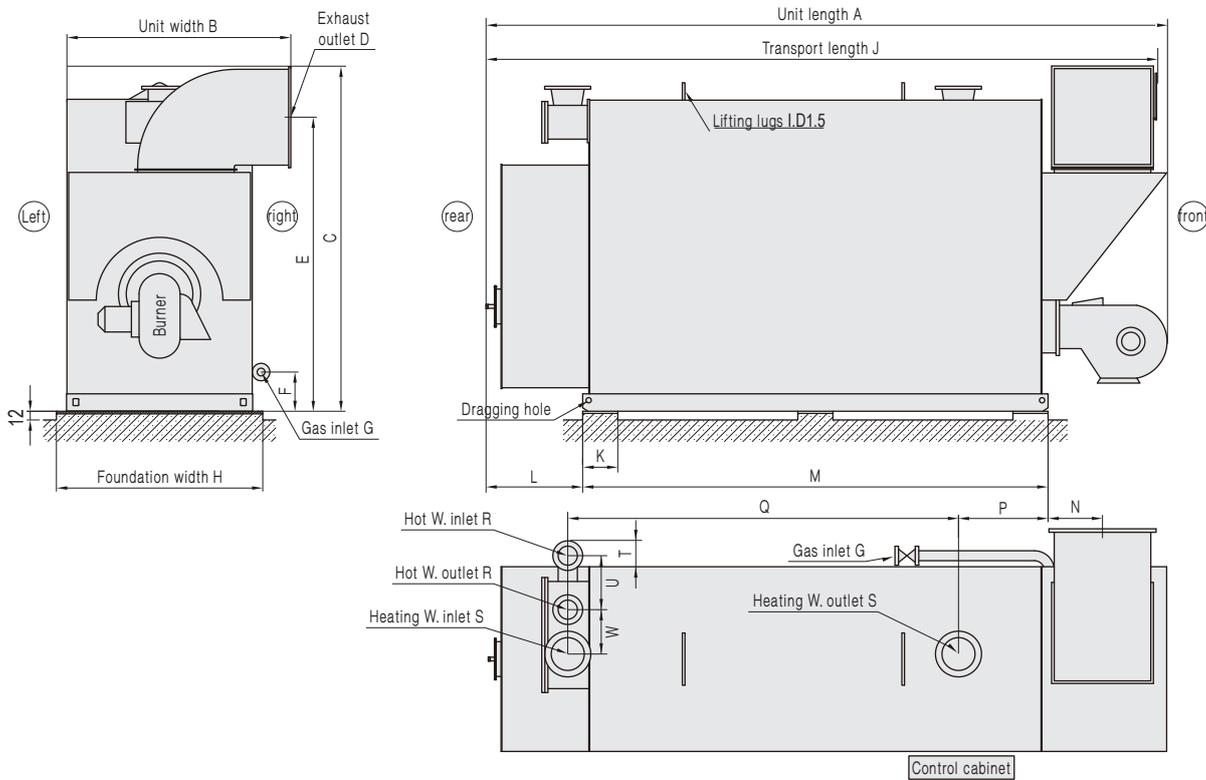
BZR16~BZR400



Model	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K
BZR16	120	33	79	9×9	73	10	NPS1	37	106	10
BZR24	140	35	83	10×10	77	10	NPS1	39	126	10
BZR40	179	35	83	10×10	77	10	NPS1	39	161	10
BZR60	179	39	87	13×13	76	10	NPS1	43	165	10
BZR80	181	44	91	14×14	80	12	NPS1.5	47	167	12
BZR100	201	44	91	16×16	74	12	NPS1.5	47	184	12
BZR120	203	49	94	17×17	79	12	NPS1.5	53	186	12
BZR160	217	53	104	22×22	90	14	NPS2	57	193	12
BZR200	244	53	104	22×22	90	14	NPS2	57	220	16
BZR240	250	58	110	24×24	95	16	NPS2.5	61	222	16
BZR320	252	64	118	28×28	103	16	NPS2.5	67	228	16
BZR400	256	69	124	31×31	111	18	NPS3	73	231	16
Model	L	M	N	P	Q	R	S	T	U	W
BZR16	17	64	13	-2	63	NPS1	NPS2	4	6	7
BZR24	19	83	15	-3	84	NPS1.5	NPS2	4	7	9
BZR40	19	123	15	-3	123	NPS2	NPS3	4	7	9
BZR60	19	122	15	-1	125	NPS2.5	NPS4	4	8	9
BZR80	21	122	16	-1	125	NPS2.5	NPS5	4	8	9
BZR100	21	142	11	18	127	NPS3	NPS6	4	8	10
BZR120	21	142	12	18	127	NPS3	NPS6	5	9	10
BZR160	23	142	14	17	128	NPS5	NPS8	5	10	12
BZR200	23	169	14	45	128	NPS5	NPS8	5	10	12
BZR240	23	169	15	45	128	NPS5	NPS8	5	10	12
BZR320	25	169	17	44	130	NPS6	NPS10	6	12	14
BZR400	25	169	19	44	130	NPS6	NPS10	9	12	17

Direct-fired Heater Dimensions

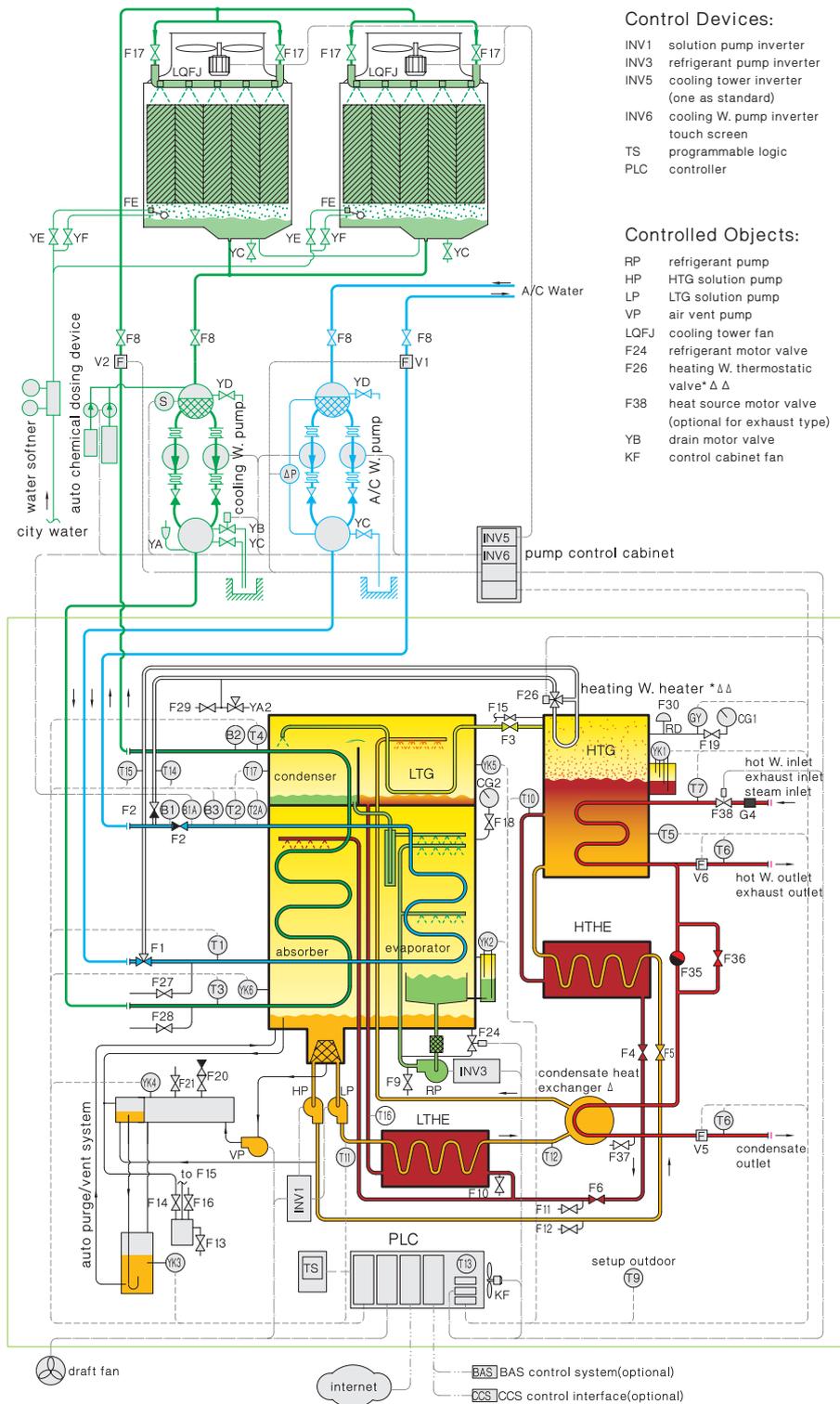
BZR500/BZR600/BZR800/BZR1000/BZR1200



Model	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K
BZR500	253	93	146	35×35	120	15	NPS6	89	248	16
BZR600	291	93	146	35×35	120	15	NPS6	89	285	16
BZR800	303	100	156	43×43	133	15	NPS6	93	301	16
BZR1000	354	100	156	43×43	133	15	NPS6	93	352	16
BZR1200	362	106	169	47×47	144	15	NPS6	106	356	16
Model	L	M	N	P	Q	R	S	T	U	W
BZR500	36	169	21	42	133	NPS6	NPS12	0.5	12	16
BZR600	36	208	21	41	172	NPS6	NPS12	0.5	12	16
BZR800	43	209	24	40	175	NPS8	NPS14	12	24	20
BZR1000	44	259	25	91	175	NPS8	NPS14	12	24	20
BZR1200	44	259	26	91	177	NPS8	NPS16	12	25	22

Packaged Steam Chiller

(similar for BSY: steam chiller, BHY: hot W. chiller, BEY: exhaust chiller)



Control Devices:

- INV1 solution pump inverter
- INV3 refrigerant pump inverter
- INV5 cooling tower inverter (one as standard)
- INV6 cooling W. pump inverter
- TS touch screen
- PLC programmable logic controller

Controlled Objects:

- RP refrigerant pump
- HP HTG solution pump
- LP LTG solution pump
- VP air vent pump
- LQFJ cooling tower fan
- F24 refrigerant motor valve
- F26 heating W. thermostatic valve* Δ Δ
- F38 heat source motor valve (optional for exhaust type)
- YB drain motor valve
- KF control cabinet fan

Sensors:

- T1 chilled W. inlet temp. sensor
- T2 chilled W. outlet temp. sensor
- T2A chilled W. calibration temp. sensor
- T3 cooling W. inlet temp. sensor
- T4 cooling W. outlet temp. sensor
- T5 HTG temp. sensor
- T6 heat source outlet temp. sensor
- T7 heat source inlet temp. sensor
- T9 ambient temp. sensor
- T10 HTG crystallization sensor
- T11 LTHE diluted solution inlet temp. sensor
- T12 LTG crystallization sensor
- T13 control cabinet temp. sensor
- T14 heating W. inlet temp. sensor* Δ Δ
- T15 heating W. outlet temp. sensor* Δ Δ
- T16 LTG temp. sensor
- T17 condenser temp. sensor
- B1 chilled W. flow switch
- B1A chilled W. flow switch
- B2 cooling W. flow switch
- B3 chilled W. flow switch
- GY pressure control
- YK1 HTG solution level probe
- YK2 refrigerant level probe
- YK3 non-condensable gas sensor
- YK4 auto vent probe
- YK5 LTG solution level probe
- YK6 absorber solution level probe
- V1 A/C W. flowmeter
- V2 cooling W. flowmeter (≥BY75)
- V5 condensate flowmeter(optional) Δ
- V6 heat source W. flowmeter (optional) Δ Δ Δ
- S conductivity sensor (≥BY75)
- Δ P differential pressure sensor (optional)

Others:

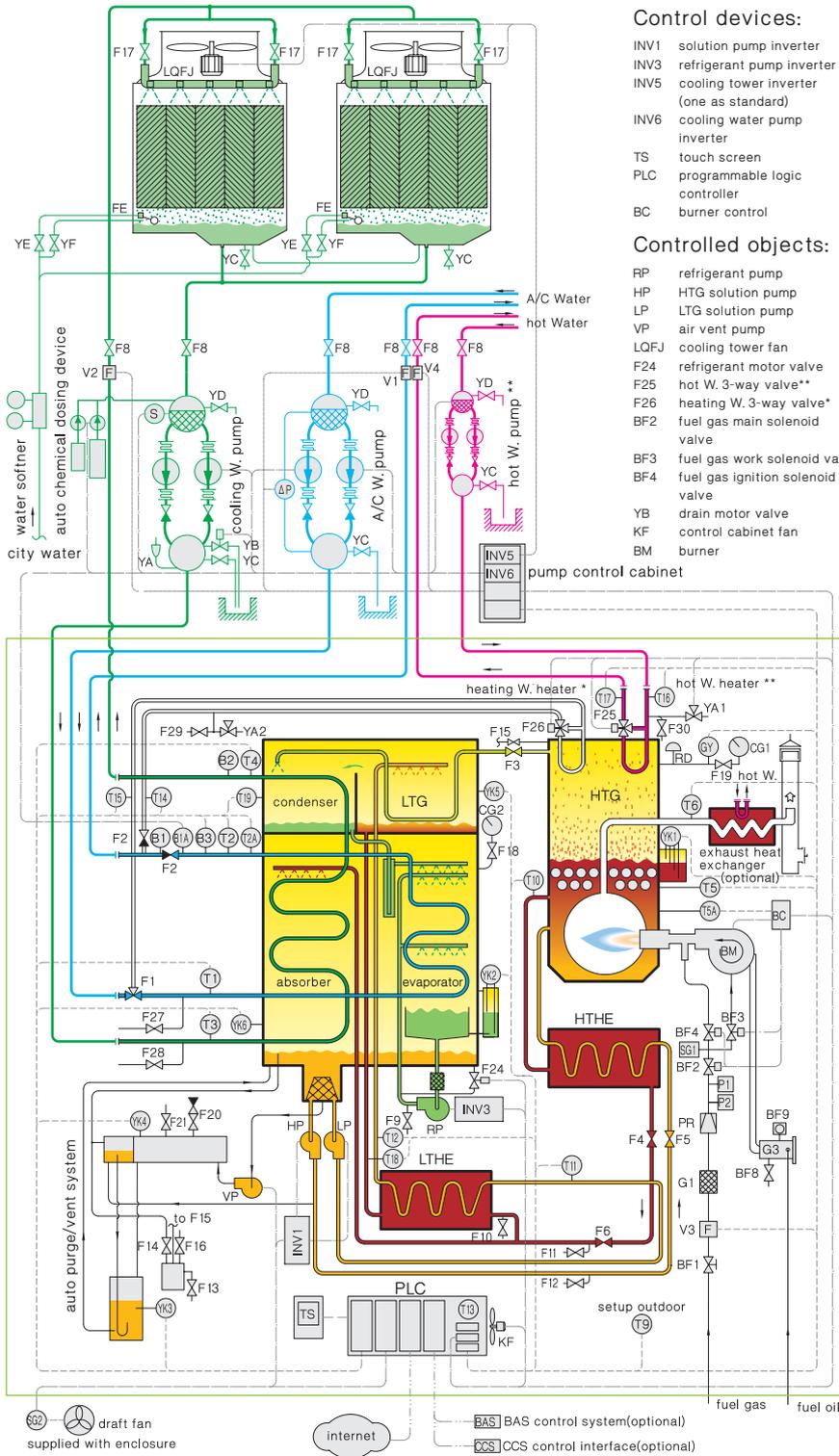
- F1 chilled/heating W. switch valve* Δ Δ
- F2 A/C W. outlet check valve* Δ Δ
- F3 steam angle valve
- F4 concentrated solution angle
- F5 diluted solution angle valve
- F6 HTG concentration regulating valve
- F8 water system shutoff valve
- F9 refrigerant sampling valve
- F10 LTHE sampling valve
- F11 HTHE sampling valve
- F12 diluted solution sampling valve
- F13 main purge valve
- F14 direct purge valve
- F15 HTG purge valve
- F16 sampling purge valve
- F17 balance valve
- F18 main shell pressure detecting valve
- F19 HTG pressure detecting valve
- F20 vacuum vent valve & manual valve
- F21 nitrogen charging valve
- F27 chilled W. drain valve
- F28 cooling W. drain valve
- F29 heating W. drain valve* Δ Δ
- F35 steam trap Δ
- F36 condensate by-pass valve Δ
- F37 anti-freeze drain valve Δ
- F37 HTG pressure detecting valve
- YA2 heating W. pressure release valve* Δ Δ
- FE auto water makeup valve
- YA auto air vent
- YC manual drain valve
- YD discharge valve
- YE water makeup valve
- YF manual water makeup valve
- CG1 HTG compound gauge
- CG2 main shell compound gauge
- G4 filter (N/A for exhaust chiller)
- RD rupture disc

Notes:

1. Chiller scope
2. The components marked with "*" for steam chiller, and marked with "Δ Δ" for exhaust chiller, "Δ Δ Δ" for hot W. chiller
3. The components marked with "***" are N.A. with cooling only models.
4. Line type:

- actuator signal output -----
- sensor signal input -----
- communication -----

Packaged DFA P&I Diagram



Control devices:

- INV1 solution pump inverter
- INV3 refrigerant pump inverter
- INV5 cooling tower inverter (one as standard)
- INV6 cooling water pump inverter
- TS touch screen
- PLC programmable logic controller
- BC burner control

Controlled objects:

- RP refrigerant pump
- HP HTG solution pump
- LP LTG solution pump
- VP air vent pump
- LQFJ cooling tower fan
- F24 refrigerant motor valve
- F25 hot W. 3-way valve**
- F26 heating W. 3-way valve*
- BF2 fuel gas main solenoid valve
- BF3 fuel gas work solenoid valve
- BF4 fuel gas ignition solenoid valve
- YB drain motor valve
- KF control cabinet fan
- BM burner

Sensors:

- T1 chilled W. inlet temp. sensor
- T2 chilled W. outlet temp. sensor
- T2A chilled W. calibration temp. sensor
- T3 cooling W. inlet temp. sensor
- T4 cooling W. outlet temp. sensor
- T5 HTG temp. sensor (to PLC)
- T5A HTG temp. control (to burner)
- T6 exhaust temp. sensor
- T9 ambient temp. sensor
- T10 HTG crystallization sensor
- T11 LTHE diluted solution inlet temp. sensor
- T12 LTG crystallization sensor
- T13 control cabinet temp. sensor
- T14 heating W. inlet temp. sensor*
- T15 heating W. outlet temp. sensor*
- T16 hot W. inlet temp. sensor**
- T17 hot W. outlet temp. sensor**
- T18 LTG temp. sensor
- T19 condenser temp. sensor
- B1 chilled W. flow switch
- B1A chilled W. flow switch
- B2 cooling W. flow switch
- B3 chilled W. flow switch
- GY pressure control
- YK1 HTG solution level probe
- YK2 refrigerant level probe
- YK3 non-condensable gas sensor
- YK4 auto air vent probe
- YK5 LTG solution level probe
- YK6 absorber solution level probe
- V1 chilled/heating W. flowmeter
- V2 cooling W. flowmeter (≥BY75)
- V3 gas flowmeter
- V4 hot W. flowmeter **
- S conductivity sensor (≥BY75)
- ΔP differential pressure sensor (optional)
- SG1 burner gas leakage sensor
- SG2 machine room gas leakage sensor

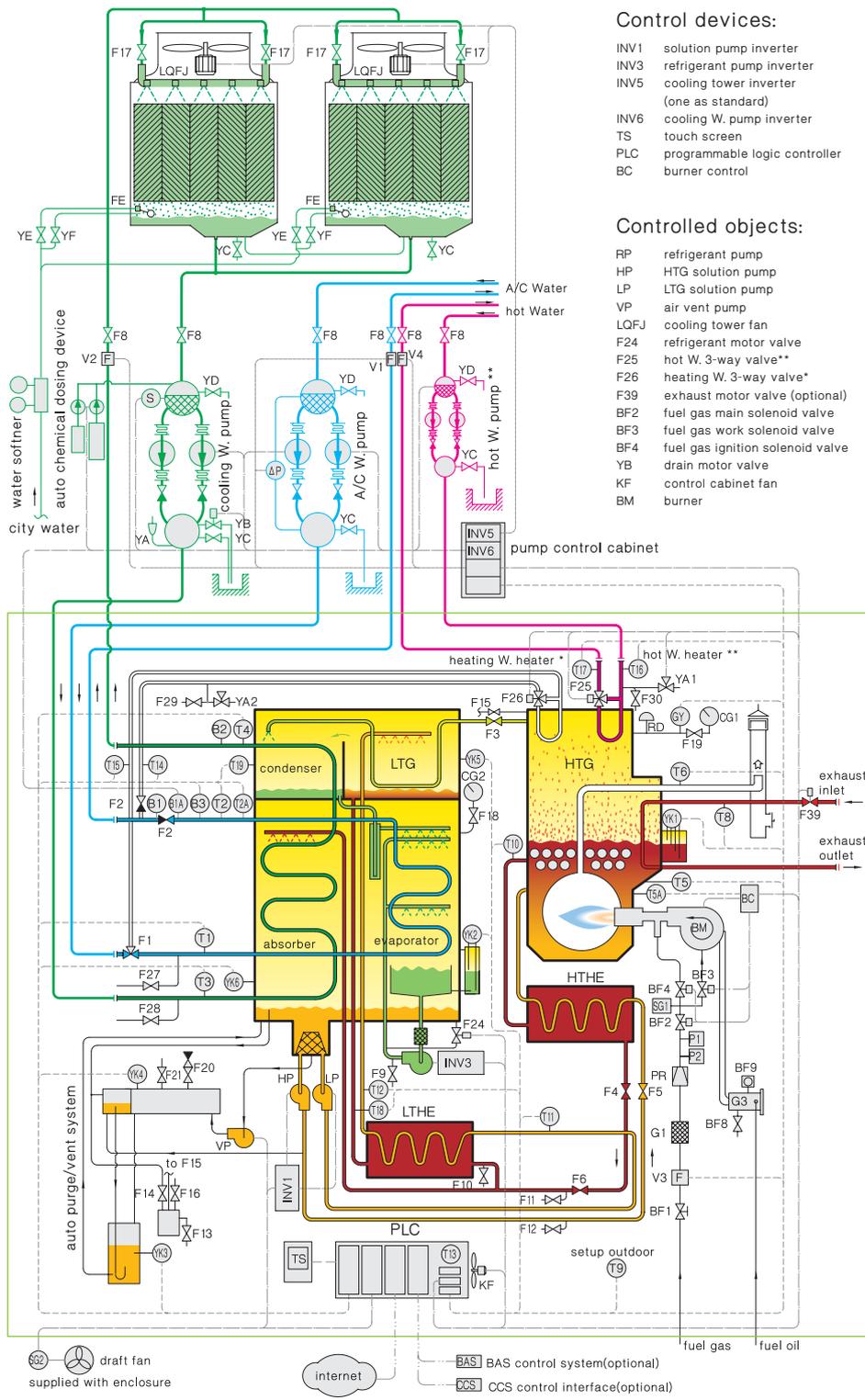
Others:

- F1 chilled/heating W. switch valve*
- F2 chilled/heating W. outlet single valve*
- F3 steam angle valve
- F4 concentrated solution angle valve
- F5 diluted solution angle valve
- F6 HTG concentration regulating valve
- F8 water system shutoff valve
- F9 refrigerant sampling valve
- F10 LTHE sampling valve
- F11 HTHE sampling valve
- F12 diluted solution sampling valve
- F13 main purge valve
- F14 direct purge valve
- F15 HTG purge valve
- F16 sampling purge valve
- F17 balance valve
- F18 main shell pressure
- F19 HTG pressure detecting valve
- F20 vacuum vent valve & manual valve
- F21 nitrogen charging valve
- F27 chilled W. drain valve
- F28 cooling W. drain valve
- F29 heating W. drain valve*
- F30 hot W. drain valve**
- YA1 hot W. pressure release valve**
- YA2 heating W. pressure release valve*
- FE auto water makeup valve
- BF1 fuel gas ball valve
- BF8 fuel oil filter discharge valve
- BF9 fuel oil filter vent valve
- P1 lower limit pressure switch
- P2 upper limit pressure switch
- PR fuel gas pressure regulator
- G1 gas filter
- G3 oil filter
- YA auto air vent
- YC manual drain valve
- YD discharge valve
- YE water makeup valve
- YF manual water makeup valve
- CG1 HTG compound gauge
- CG2 main shell compound gauge
- RD rupture disc

Notes:

1. Chiller scope
2. Parts marked with "*" are not applicable to cooling/heating type, and those marked with "**" & "***" are not applicable to cooling only type.
3. Line type:
 - actuator signal output -----
 - sensor signal input -----
 - communication -----

Packaged Exhaust & Direct-fired Chiller



Control devices:

- INV1 solution pump inverter
- INV3 refrigerant pump inverter
- INV5 cooling tower inverter (one as standard)
- INV6 cooling W. pump inverter
- TS touch screen
- PLC programmable logic controller
- BC burner control

Controlled objects:

- RP refrigerant pump
- HP HTG solution pump
- LP LTG solution pump
- VP air vent pump
- LQFJ cooling tower fan
- F24 refrigerant motor valve
- F25 hot W. 3-way valve**
- F26 heating W. 3-way valve*
- F39 exhaust motor valve (optional)
- BF2 fuel gas main solenoid valve
- BF3 fuel gas work solenoid valve
- BF4 fuel gas ignition solenoid valve
- YB drain motor valve
- KF control cabinet fan
- BM burner

Sensors:

- T1 chilled W. inlet temp. sensor
- T2 chilled W. outlet temp. sensor
- T2A chilled W. calibration temp. sensor
- T3 cooling W. inlet temp. sensor
- T4 cooling W. outlet temp. sensor
- T5 HTG temp. sensor (to PLC)
- T5A HTG temp. control (to burner)
- T6 exhaust temp. sensor
- T6A waste heat outlet temp. sensor
- T8 exhaust inlet temp. sensor
- T9 ambient temp. sensor
- T10 HTG crystallization sensor
- T11 LTHE diluted solution inlet temp. sensor
- T12 LTG crystallization sensor
- T13 control cabinet temp. sensor
- T14 heating W. inlet temp. sensor*
- T15 heating W. outlet temp. sensor*
- T16 hot W. inlet temp. sensor**
- T17 hot W. outlet temp. sensor**
- T18 LTG temp. sensor
- T19 condenser temp. sensor
- B1 chilled W. flow switch
- B1A chilled W. flow switch
- B2 cooling W. flow switch
- B3 chilled W. flow switch
- GY pressure control
- YK1 HTG solution level probe
- YK2 refrigerant level probe
- YK3 non-condensable sensor
- YK4 auto air vent probe
- YK5 LTG solution level probe
- YK6 absorber solution level probe
- V1 chilled/heating W. flowmeter
- V2 cooling W. flowmeter (≥BY75)
- V3 gas flowmeter
- V4 hot W. flowmeter
- S conductivity sensor (≥BY75)
- ΔP differential pressure sensor (optional)
- SG1 burner gas leakage sensor
- SG2 machine room gas leakage sensor

Others:

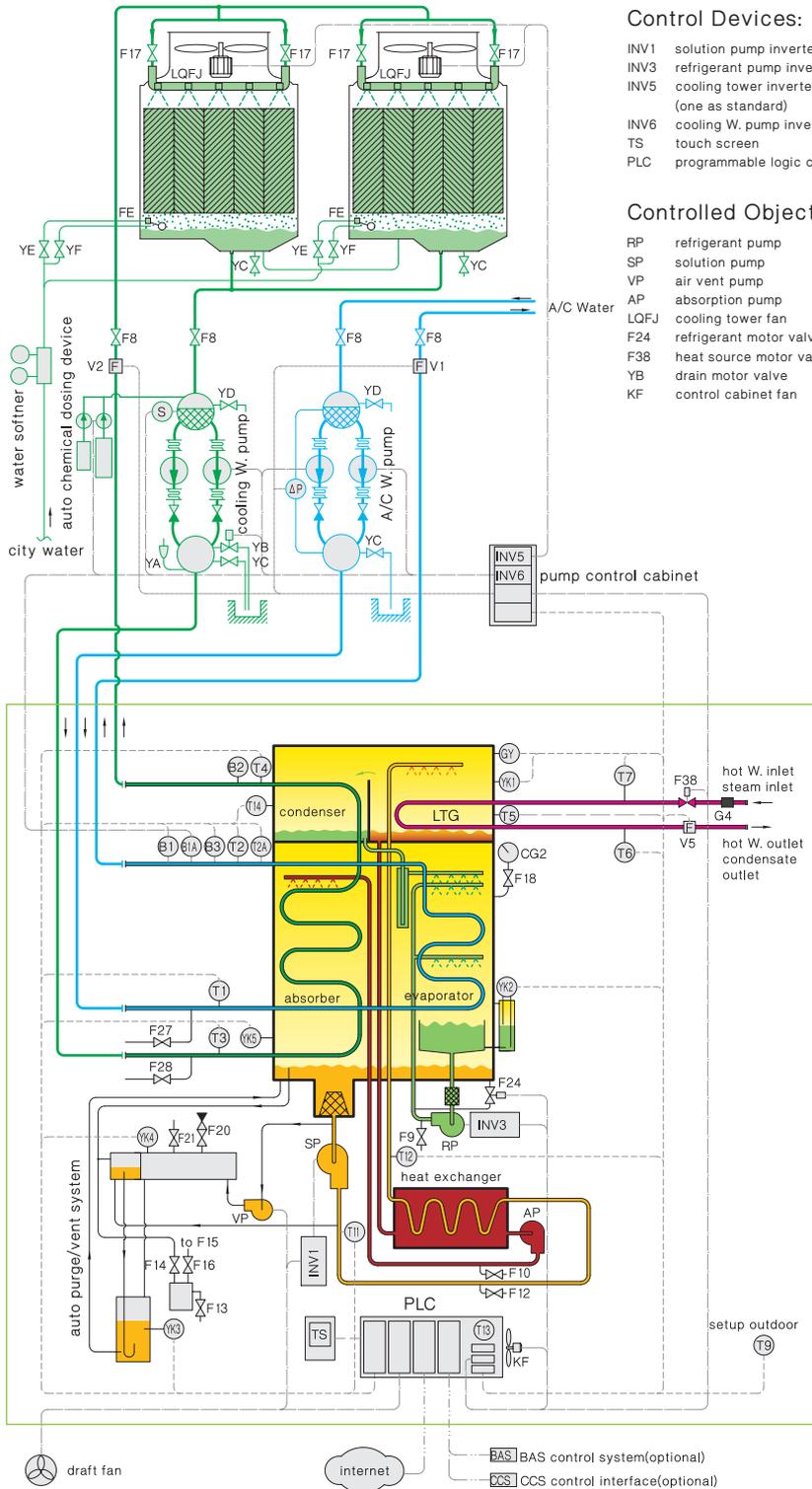
- F1 chilled/heating W. switch valve*
- F2 chilled/heating W. outlet single valve*
- F3 steam angle valve
- F4 concentrated solution angle valve
- F5 diluted solution angle valve
- F6 HTG concentration regulating valve
- F8 water system shutoff valve
- F9 refrigerant sampling valve
- F10 LTHE sampling valve
- F11 HTHE sampling valve
- F12 diluted solution sampling valve
- F13 main purge valve
- F14 direct purge valve
- F15 HTG purge valve
- F16 sampling purge valve
- F17 balance valve
- F18 main shell pressure detecting valve
- F19 HTG pressure detecting valve
- F20 vacuum vent valve & manual valve
- F21 nitrogen charging valve
- F27 chilled W. drain valve
- F28 cooling W. drain valve
- F29 heating W. drain valve*
- F30 hot W. drain valve**
- YA1 hot W. pressure release valve**
- YA2 heating W. pressure release valve*
- FE auto water makeup valve
- BF1 fuel gas ball valve
- BF8 fuel oil filter discharge valve
- BF9 fuel oil filter vent valve
- P1 lower limit pressure switch
- P2 upper limit pressure switch
- PR fuel gas pressure regulator
- G1 gas filter
- G3 oil filter
- YA auto air vent
- YC manual vent valve
- YD discharge valve
- YE water makeup valve
- YF manual water makeup valve
- CG1 HTG compound gauge
- CG2 main shell compound gauge
- RD rupture disc

Notes:

1. Chiller scope
2. Parts marked with "*" are not applicable to cooling/heating type, and those marked with "**" & "***" are not applicable to cooling only type.
3. Line type:
 - actuator signal output -----
 - sensor signal input - - - - -
 - communication - - - - -

Packaged Single-stage Steam Chiller

(similar for BDSY: Single-stage steam chiller, BDHY: Single-stage hot W chiller, BDEY: Single-stage exhaust chiller)



Control Devices:

- INV1 solution pump inverter
- INV3 refrigerant pump inverter
- INV5 cooling tower inverter (one as standard)
- INV6 cooling W. pump inverter
- TS touch screen
- PLC programmable logic controller

Controlled Objects:

- RP refrigerant pump
- SP solution pump
- VP air vent pump
- AP absorption pump
- LQFJ cooling tower fan
- F24 refrigerant motor valve
- F38 heat source motor valve
- YB drain motor valve
- KF control cabinet fan

Sensors:

- T1 chilled W. inlet temp. sensor
- T2 chilled W. outlet temp. sensor
- T2A chilled W. calibration temp. sensor
- T3 cooling W. inlet temp. sensor
- T4 cooling W. outlet temp. sensor
- T5 generator temp. sensor
- T6 heat source W. outlet temp. sensor
- T7 heat source W. inlet temp. sensor
- T9 ambient temp. sensor
- T11 heat exchanger diluted solution inlet temp. sensor
- T12 generator crystallization sensor
- T13 control cabinet temp. sensor
- T14 condenser temp. sensor
- B1 chilled W. flow switch
- B1A chilled W. flow switch
- B2 cooling W. flow switch
- B3 chilled W. flow switch
- GY pressure control
- YK1 generator solution level probe
- YK2 refrigerant level probe
- YK3 non-condensable probe
- YK4 auto purge sensor
- YK5 absorber solution level probe
- V1 A/C W. flow meter
- V2 cooling W. flow meter (≥BY75)
- V5 condensate flow meter (optional) Δ
- V6 heat source W. flow meter (optional) Δ Δ Δ
- S conductivity sensor (≥BY75)
- ΔP differential pressure sensor (optional)

Others:

- F8 water system shut-off valve
- F9 refrigerant sampling valve
- F10 concentrated solution sampling valve
- F12 diluted solution sampling valve
- F13 main purge valve
- F14 direct purge valve
- F16 sampling purge valve
- F17 balance valve
- F18 pressure detecting valve
- F20 vacuum vent valve & manual valve
- F21 nitrogen charging valve
- F27 chilled W. drain valve
- F28 cooling W. drain valve
- FE auto water makeup valve
- YA auto vent valve
- YC manual drain valve
- YD discharge valve
- YE water makeup valve
- YF manual water makeup valve
- CG2 compound gauge
- G4 filter

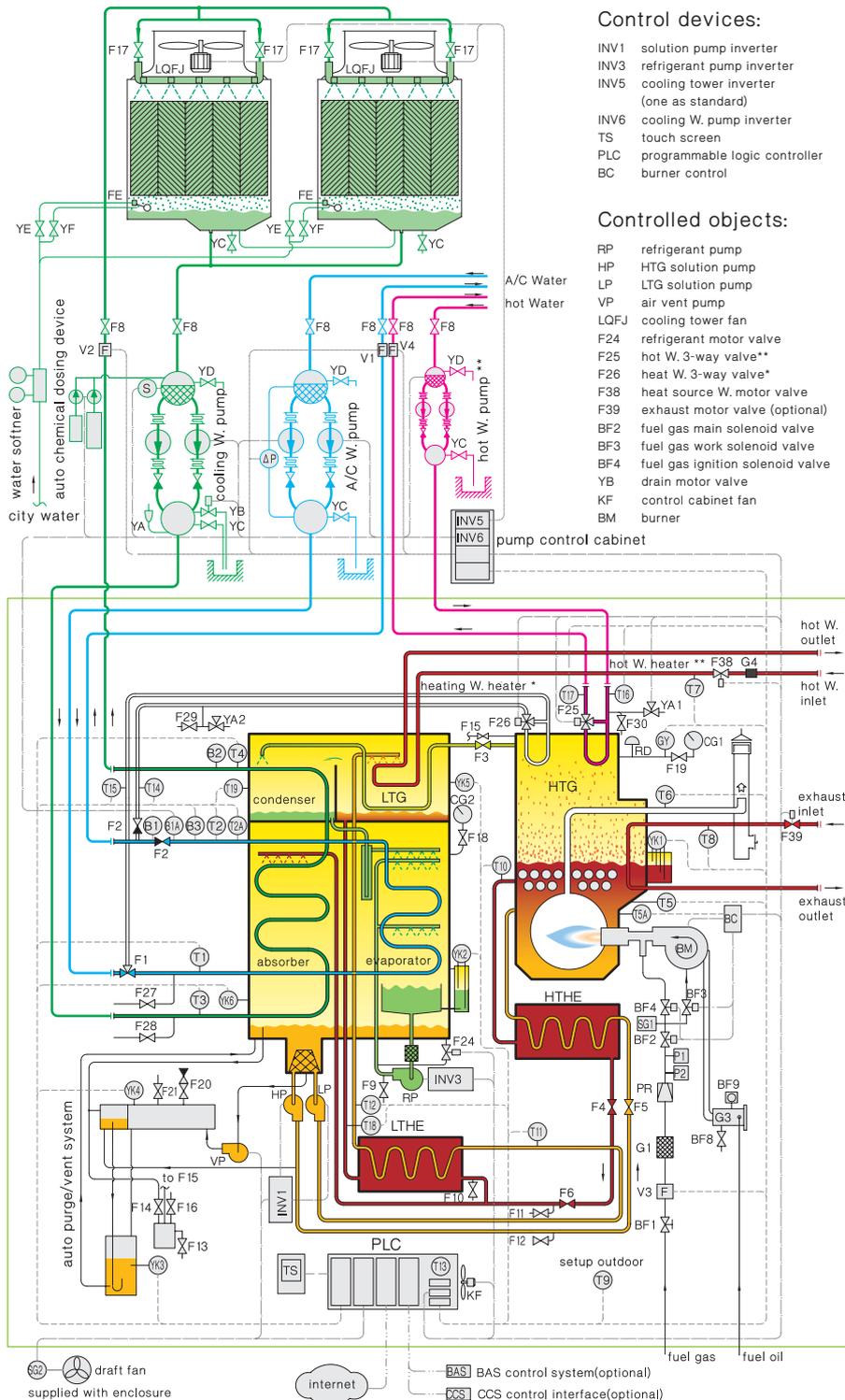
Notes:

1. Chiller scope
2. The components marked with "Δ" for steam chiller, and marked "Δ Δ Δ" for hot W. chiller.
3. Line type:
 - actuator signal output
 - sensor signal input
 - communication

BAS BAS control system(optional)
CCS CCS control interface(optional)

Packaged Multi-energy Chiller

similar for BZHEY: Hot W., exhaust & direct-fired chiller



Control devices:

- INV1 solution pump inverter
- INV3 refrigerant pump inverter
- INV5 cooling tower inverter (one as standard)
- INV6 cooling W. pump inverter
- TS touch screen
- PLC programmable logic controller
- BC burner control

Controlled objects:

- RP refrigerant pump
- HP HTG solution pump
- LP LTG solution pump
- VP air vent pump
- LQFJ cooling tower fan
- F24 refrigerant motor valve
- F25 hot W. 3-way valve**
- F26 heat W. 3-way valve*
- F38 heat source W. motor valve
- F39 exhaust motor valve (optional)
- BF2 fuel gas main solenoid valve
- BF3 fuel gas work solenoid valve
- BF4 fuel gas ignition solenoid valve
- YB drain motor valve
- KF control cabinet fan
- BM burner

Sensors:

- T1 chilled W. inlet temp. sensor
- T2 chilled W. outlet temp. sensor
- T2A chilled W. calibration temp. sensor
- T3 cooling W. inlet temp. sensor
- T4 cooling W. outlet temp. sensor
- T5 HTG temp. sensor (to PLC)
- T5A HTG temp. sensor (to burner)
- T6 exhaust temp. sensor
- T7 heat source W. inlet sensor
- T8 exhaust inlet temp. sensor
- T9 ambient temp. sensor
- T10 HTG crystallization sensor
- T11 LTHE diluted solution inlet temp. sensor
- T12 LTG crystallization sensor
- T13 control cabinet temp. sensor
- T14 heating W. inlet temp. sensor*
- T15 heating W. outlet temp. sensor*
- T16 hot W. inlet temp. sensor**
- T17 hot W. outlet temp. sensor**
- T18 LTG temp. sensor
- T19 condenser temp. sensor
- B1 chilled W. flow switch
- B1A chilled W. flow switch
- B2 cooling W. flow switch
- B3 chilled W. flow switch
- GY pressure control
- YK1 HTG solution level probe
- YK2 refrigerant level probe
- YK3 non-condensable gas sensor
- YK4 auto air vent probe
- YK5 LTG solution level probe
- YK6 absorber solution level probe
- V1 chilled/heating W. flowmeter
- V2 cooling W. flowmeter (≥BY75)
- V3 gas flowmeter
- V4 hot W. flowmeter **
- S conductivity sensor (≥BY75)
- ΔP differential pressure sensor (optional)
- SG1 burner gas leakage sensor
- SG2 machine room gas leakage sensor

Others:

- F1 chilled/heating W. switch valve*
- F2 chilled/heating W. outlet single valve*
- F3 steam angle valve
- F4 concentrated solution angle valve
- F5 diluted solution angle valve
- F6 HTG concentration regulating valve
- F8 water system shutoff valve
- F9 refrigerant sampling valve
- F10 LTHE sampling valve
- F11 HTHE sampling valve
- F12 diluted solution sampling valve
- F13 main purge valve
- F14 direct purge valve
- F15 HTG purge valve
- F16 sampling purge valve
- F17 balance valve
- F18 main shell pressure detecting valve
- F19 HTG pressure detecting valve
- F20 vacuum vent valve & manual valve
- F21 nitrogen charging valve
- F27 chilled W. drain valve
- F28 cooling W. drain valve
- F29 heating W. drain valve*
- F30 hot W. drain valve**
- YA1 hot W. pressure release valve**
- YA2 heating water pressure release valve*
- FE auto water make up valve
- BF1 fuel gas ball valve
- BF8 fuel oil filter discharge valve
- BF9 fuel oil filter vent valve
- P1 lower limit pressure switch
- P2 upper limit pressure switch
- PR fuel gas pressure regulator
- G1 gas filter
- G3 oil filter
- G4 waste heat filter
- YA auto air vent
- YC manual vent valve
- YD discharge valve
- YE water makeup valve
- YF manual water makeup valve
- CG1 HTG compound gauge
- CG2 main shell compound gauge
- RD rupture disc

Notes:

1. Chiller scope
2. Parts marked with "*" are not applicable to cooling/heating type, and those marked with "**" & "***" are not applicable to cooling only type.
3. Line type:
 - actuator signal output
 - sensor signal input
 - communication

Scope of Supply/Work

Category	Item	BROAD	Customer	Remarks
Transportation and location	Factory to port		✓	BROAD can arrange transportation upon request.
	Port to jobsite		✓	
	Jobsite handling (main shell, pumpset)		✓	
	Joint (for split shipment)	✓		Welding machine and nitrogen to be provided by customers. Joint process is a paid service.
Electric engineering	Power supply to enclosure		✓	3 phase, 4 wires
	Internet connection	✓		Network cable to the enclosure is to be provided by users.
	Grounding		✓	Place special grounding terminal with grounding resistance $\leq 4\Omega$ near water system control cabinet
Construction & installation	Foundation		✓	Enclosure should be installed after foundation is completed.
	Installation of metal enclosure		✓	
	Pipe connection between chiller and pumpset		✓	For \geq BY400 model, a crane must be provided by customer.
	Water softener installation		✓	Optional
	Pipe connection between chiller and cooling tower		✓	
	External piping installation		✓	Includes chilled/heating water pipes, hot water pipes, water make-up and drain pipes, energy source pipes.
	Chiller insulation	✓		Factory-mounted
	Piping insulation in enclosure	✓		
	Pipeline insulation		✓	
	Antifreezing		✓	Water anti-freeze treatment is recommended when the ambient temp is below 32F.
Commissioning	Jobsite chiller commissioning	✓		Customer provides energy and air conditioning load. Chiller commissioning is a paid service.
Operation & maintenance	Operator training on site	✓		BROAD provides professional training for free, the customers pay for the accommodations and transportation of BROAD engineers.
	Regular maintenance	✓		Service contract can be signed after the warranty period.

Machine Room Construction Tips

Machine room

Machine rooms must be well ventilated with temp. & humidity control, as well as drain functions, sufficient maintenance space shall be well considered.

Attention should be paid to machine room built by customers:

- Please refer to dimension drawings for plinth dimensions.
- Load capacity:
 - a. The machine room foundation load is recommended as 1.5 times of the operation weight.
 - b. Make sure that the foundation is level without sinking or overload (for rooftop installation).
 - c. The load of a chiller is evenly distributed on the contact surface between the frame base rolling steel and the plinth.
- Anchor bolts:
 - a. Chiller can be placed on the foundation directly without bolts (if there is a strong earthquake source or special anti-vibration requirement, please specify in a purchase order).
 - b. Anchor bolts must be pre-installed for pumpset foundation per dimension drawings.

Foundation

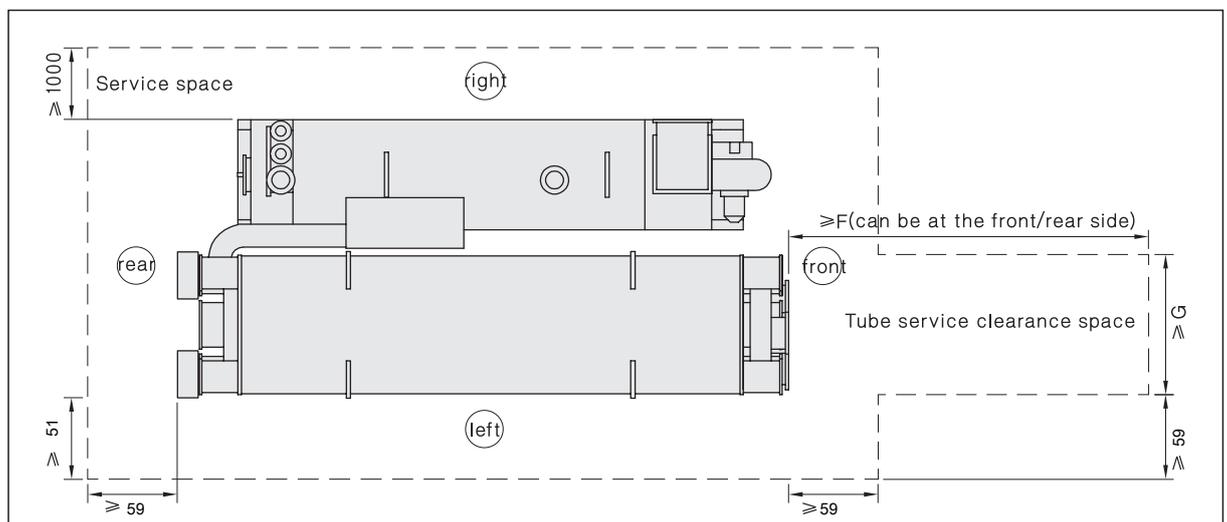
- Ventilation:

poor ventilation leads to high humidity in the machine room, which may erode the unit. So serious attention should be paid to ventilation in the machine room. Please ventilate the machine rooms two times per hour and make up the combustion air.

The volume of combustion air for a DFA is estimated at 14 ft³ for every MBH fuel.
- Drainage:
 - a. Chiller foundation must be on a high level in the machine room.
 - b. All discharge pipes and drain pipes must be visible above the drainage.
 - c. Machine room in basement must be built above a water ditch, which is equipped with an auto level-controlled submerged pump.
- Temperature:

machine room temperature must be controlled within 41-109°F. Lower temperature may crack heat exchange tubes and water box when the chiller is shut off; higher temperature may damage electrical components. Thermometer and over temperature alarm must be installed in machine room.
- Humidity:

machine room humidity must be lower than 85%. Higher humidity may impair insulation of electrical components.



Chiller service space:

unit: inch

Model	20	50	75	100	125	150	200	250	300	400	500	600	800	1000
F	90.5	126.0	197.0	197.0	236.0	236.0	236.0	275.5	275.5	315.0	315.0	315.0	315.0	394.0
G	25.5	31.5	35.5	43.0	45.0	51.0	67.0	67.0	77.0	83.0	94.5	94.5	102.5	102.5

Remark:

1. If the machine room is smaller than the above size, please contact BROAD for a solution.
2. F, G is the tube service clearance. It could be the space of water pumps, doors or windows and can also be shared by two chillers.
3. It is recommended that the height of the machine room be 20 inch higher than that of chillers.

Piping System

Gas system

- The gas dynamic pressure is 2.3~5psig, and static pressure is <7.3psig, the pressure out of this range can be accommodated by special orders.
- Drain valve should be installed at the lowest part of gas pipes. All connecting pipes must be cleaned and tested for air tightness with 87 psig air when gas piping system is completed.
- When two or more units are connected in parallel, a buffer pipe (with diameter 3~6 times of the main pipe) must be installed at the main pipe to avoid flameout due to gas low pressure caused by simultaneous startup. Manual drain valve should be equipped at the bottom of the buffer tube.
- Customers are required to inform BROAD of the fuel type, heating value and pressure so that a burner can be properly selected and the gas pipe diameter can be notified to customers. Then customers can design filter, flow meter, ball valve, diffuser tube and pressure meter. BROAD is responsible for installation of gas train valves within supply scope. External gas piping system is to be installed by customers to 1m distance from the burner.
- The ball valve of BROAD gas valve train must be closed if customers need to test piping pressure so that gas train valve will not be damaged by high pressure.
- A gas leakage alarm (acting value must be set 20% lower than danger value lower limit) must be equipped in machine room with a linkage system with draft fans. Machine room must be well ventilated all the time.
- Auto dosing system should be installed in cooling water pipe or cooling tower. Auto drain valve (motor valve) should be set at the lowest point of cooling water system. (BROAD packaged pumpset included)
- When the distance between cooling tower and machine room is ≤ 98 ft, the cooling water pipe diameter can follow the dimension drawing. If it's 98-295 ft, the pipe diameter shall be enlarged by one size. If it's >295 ft, the pipe diameter shall be enlarged by two sizes.
- For the water system, zero resistance filter, instead of Y-shape filters, with section area 8~15 times larger than pipe section area shall be used to minimize the water resistance.
- Soft connector must be installed at inlet/outlet of chilled/cooling water system. The weight of the external piping system can never be borne by the chiller.
- The installation site of the cooling tower should be far from heat source and power, especially should be at least 240 inch far from the chimney, or the chimney should be 80 inch higher than the top of the cooling tower. Otherwise the exhaust may access the cooling tower and cause corrosion to the tubes of the chiller.
- The cooling tower and cooling water system should be far from pollution sources like acid or alkali. If there is a pollution source, information should be delivered when ordering thus special treatment could be applied.
- Piping requirements: all pipes and valves should not go across the space above the chiller to avoid chiller damage caused by pipe installation, maintenance or leakage.
- Secondary heat exchange hot water system is recommended for areas with very hard water.
- Hot W. system for BY20, BY30, BY50 must adopt secondary heat exchange.

Oil system

- Oil system includes oil storage tank, oil pump, daily oil tank, oil filter and metering instruments. Oil tank should be equipped with oil check nozzle, air vent(breather valve), oil refill valve, oil level sensor and drain valve. The lowest oil level of daily oil tank must be 0.1m higher than the burner.
- Oil pipe should be copper pipe or seamless steel pipe and leakage test should be taken at a minimum pressure of 0.8MPa.
- Medium filters are to be installed at inlet and outlet of oil storage tank. The filters should have enough section area, and should be convenient to install/uninstall and drain.
- Oil tank should be equipped with metering device for energy saving management.

Steam system

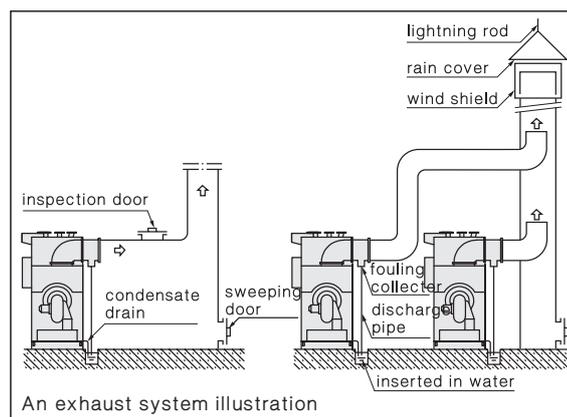
- The supply of the steam should be pressure-stable. The upper limit should not be over 110% of the rated pressure. If the pressure may exceed the upper limit, a regulating valve should be equipped in the pipeline.
- Safety valve should be fixed in the steam inlet pipeline. The protection value is adjusted as 110~130% of its working pressure. The safety valve should be connected to outdoor to avoid the overpressure of the system.
- Condensed water can be stored in an open tank beside the chiller, and then pump back to the boiler by a condensed water pump or steam trap pressurizer.
- Remove the condensed water from steam thoroughly before steam entering chiller.

Water system

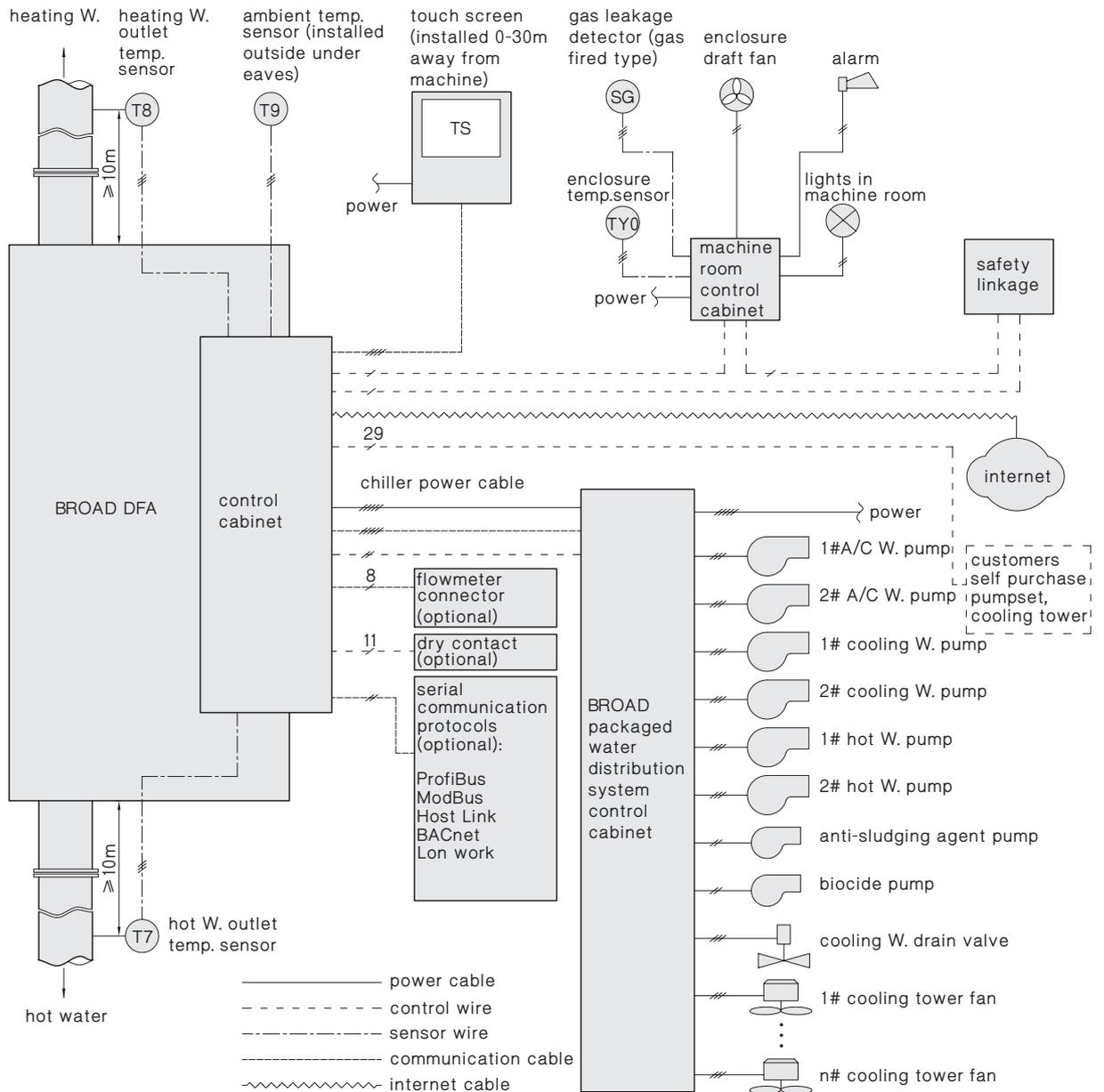
- The initial filling of the chilled/heating water must be soft water. The leakage rate should be less than 10% every year, or else large amount of city water makeup will cause water system scaling.
- Minor leakage in chilled/heating water system is made up from the expansion water tank. An open expansion water tank instead of a closed expander is recommended for pressure balance. The water expansion volume is calculated as 4% of total water volume in the system.
- Chiller, pumpset and cooling tower should be in one to one correspondence to achieve better energy efficient.
- Regarding to BROAD non-packaged chiller, the heating water and hot water three-way valve is installed in customer's piping system, and it will be packaged separately and delivery together with chiller.

Exhaust system

- It is recommended that independent stack be used for each chiller. If chillers have to share a common stack due to space limitation, the shared stack must be inserted type and the main stack must be bigger and higher to avoid any interference from each other. Exhaust motor valve shall be installed for each exhaust duct to avoid condensate corrosion caused by exhaust entering into chillers that are not in operation.
- The exhaust volume is dependent on the fuel heat input. It is estimated at 16.8 ft³/mper kW fuel input. 118-197 inch/s flue gas flow velocity in the stack is recommended.
- Fouling collector should be installed at flue duct inlet to prevent condensate from flowing directly into the chiller. The indoor flue duct must be insulated. For high outdoor steel stack, insulation shall be done to maintain the up force of flue. No insulation is required for low outdoor steel exhaust stack. Try to locate the exhaust outlet as far as possible from the cooling tower, or 2m higher than the cooling tower. Otherwise the flue gas may get into cooling tower and damage the chiller.
- The rated exhaust outlet temperature is 320°F. However, the selection of insulation materials and design of fire isolation area should be based on 572°F temperature for safety.



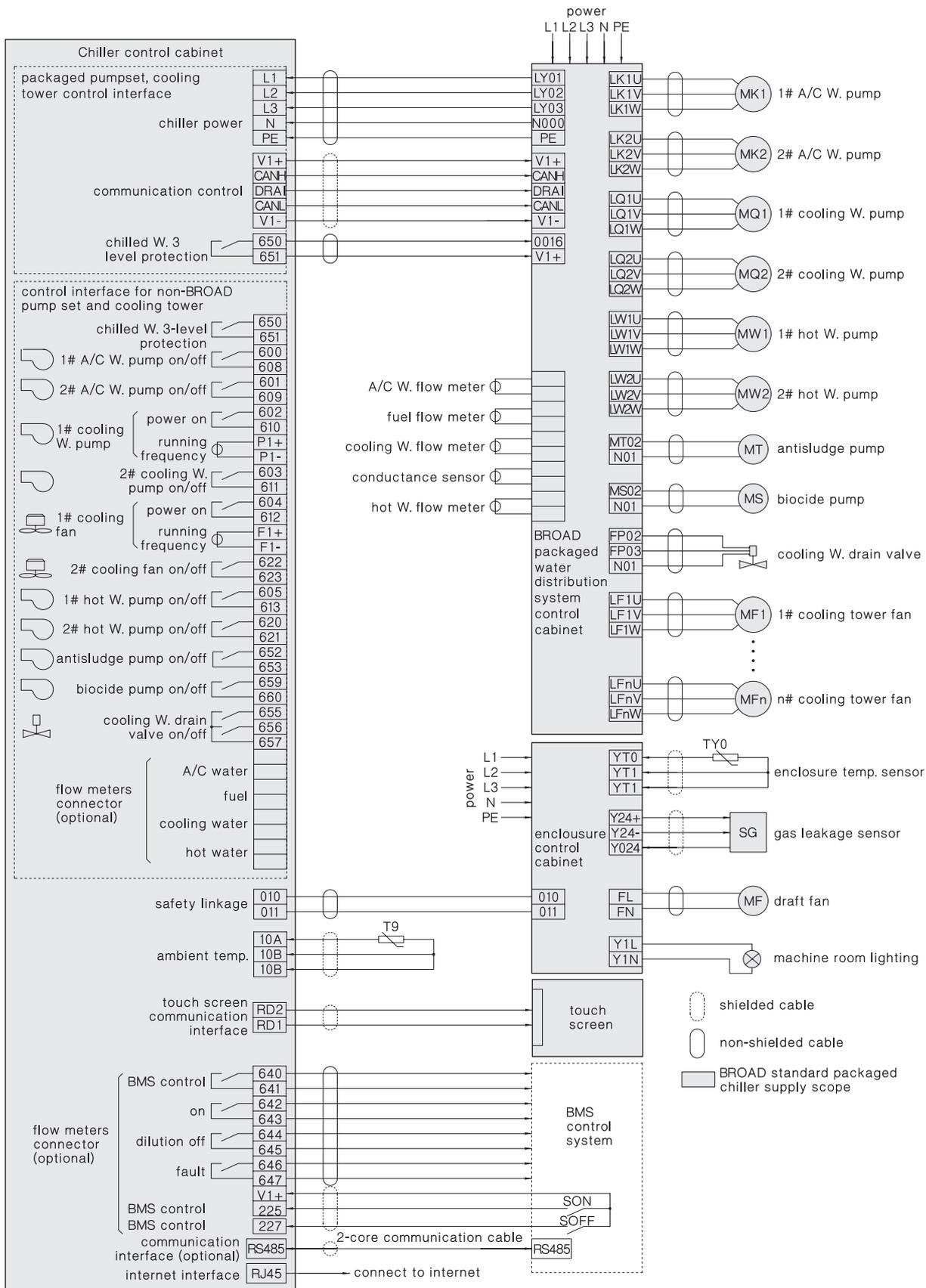
Control System



Notes:

1. BROAD packaged chiller control system includes interfaces for chiller, pumpset, cooling tower, outdoor enclosure, internet monitoring, BMS and multi-unit control, etc.
2. Pumpset and cooling tower control interfaces and water distribution system control cabinet are supplied with pumpset. Enclosure control cabinet and relevant electrical parts are supplied with enclosure.
3. BMS control interface includes "Serial communication" and "Dry contact" options. Serial Communication interface can be HostLink, ModBus, ProfiBus, BACnet protocol, or Lonwork.
4. Even if customer does not order pumpset, standard control interface for pumpset and cooling tower will also be provided.

Exterior Wiring Diagram



Notes:

1. Packaged pumpset interface, cooling tower control interface and water system control cabinet will not be supplied if the pumpset and cooling tower are not ordered, but a control interface for user self-purchased pumps and cooling tower is available. The enclosure control cabinet and relevant electric devices are not supplied if the enclosure is not ordered.
2. 3-level chilled water protection is used to switch off cooling water pump directly in order to prevent tube freezing. Connect T9 environmental temperature sensor to outside place with well-ventilation but without sunshine.

List of Control System Installation

Item		Installation position and requirement	Material	Source	BROAD scope	Customer scope
Chiller	Chiller and pumpset grounding	Grounding resistance $\leq 4\Omega$	Grounding wire	Customer	/	Grounding setup and wiring
	Chiller power	Control cabinet of chiller and water system	5-core cable (33 ft standard supply)	BROAD	Wiring inside chiller control cabinet	Cable installation
	Touch screen	Anywhere in office (on the wall or desk) humidity 0~85% (no condensate), temperature 32-86°F	2-core shielded cable (98 ft standard supply)	BROAD	Wiring inside chiller control cabinet	Cable installation
	Network monitoring	Chiller control cabinet	Network cable	Customer	Wiring inside chiller control cabinet	Cable installation, wiring at building side
	BMS interface(optional)	Chiller control cabinet	Communication cable (for serial communication), 11-core cable (for dry contact)	Customer	Wiring inside chiller control cabinet	Cable installation, wiring at building side
	Ambient temperature sensor	Good ventilation, no direct sunlight	3-core cable (33 ft standard supply)	BROAD	Chiller control cabinet wiring	Temperature sensor installation wiring*
	Heating W outlet temperature sensor, hot W outlet temperature sensor	At heating W/hot W pipe outlet side 10m away from the chiller	3-core cable (33 ft standard supply)	BROAD	Wiring	Temperature sensor installation
Pumpset	Installation of water distribution system control cabinet and power connection	Water distribution system control cabinet	Installation bolts 5-core cable	Customer	Wiring inside chiller control cabinet	Cable & control cabinet installation
	Wiring between chiller and water distribution system control cabinet	Between chiller and water distribution system control cabinet	Cable supply as per packaged chiller	BROAD	Wiring inside chiller control cabinet	Cable installation
	Wiring between pumpset and water distribution system control cabinet	Between water distribution system control cabinet and pumpset	Cable supply as per standard pumpset	BROAD	Wiring inside chiller control cabinet	Cable installation

Note:

For BROAD packaged chiller, the energy meter is included already for accurate electricity metering; If customers order chiller only, they need to install energy meter separately to calculate the total electricity consumption of chiller and pumpset.

Transportation Tips

Shipping status

- BY20 is to be shipped in one piece, while BY30 BY50 in two pieces.
- BY75~1000 chiller and pumpset are to be shipped separately.
- BY75~400: pumpset and control cabinet are to be shipped in 3 pieces. BY500~1000: pumpset and control cabinet are to be shipped in 3~5 pieces (A/C water pumpset, cooling water pumpset and control cabinet).
- All equipment can be containerized as per "Container Arrangement Reference".
- Chillers ≤ BZ75, BE75, BS100 (Max. width ≤ 83 inch) in single piece.
- Other units will be split and shipped in 2-4 pieces depends on design.
- If constrained by site space or machine room access, the unit can also be split (or split with steel frame) and shipped in 2~6 pieces.
- When the unit reaches the machine room, the split pieces need to be connected by BROAD welders. The customer needs to prepare welding facilities, nitrogen and other necessary assistance.
- Solution is charged into the chiller if a unit is shipped in one piece. The solution will be shipped separately for split shipment or a unit shipping weight is over 30 tons.
- BROAD can arrange transportation and insurance on behalf of customers. If customers manage it by themselves, please refer to "BROAD Chiller Packing & Transportation Regulations" for container arrangement in advance, so as to ensure safe transportation.

Container arrangement reference:

Model	BZ	With BY pumpset	BS(BH)	BDH(S)
20	20'GP*	40'HQ*	20'GP*	20'GP*
50	20'GP*	40'HQ+20'GP*	20'GP*	20'GP*
75	40'HQ*	+20'GP	40'HQ*	40'HQ*
100	40'HQ	+20'GP	40'HQ*	40'HQ*
125	40'HQ	+40'GP(BSY:+20'GP)	40'HQ*	40'HQ*
150	40'OT+20'GP	+40'GP	40'OT	40'OT*
200	40'OT×2	+40'GP(BSY:+20'GP)	40'OT×2	40'OT*
250	40'OT×2	+40'GP(BSY:+20'GP)	40'OT×2	40'OT*
300	40'OT×2	+40'GP+20'GP (BSY:+20'GP)	40'OT×2	40'OT+20'GP*
400	40'OT×2	+40'GP+20'GP (BSY:+40'GP)	40'OT×2	40'OT+20'GP*
500	40'FR+40'OT+20'GP	+40'GP×2 (BSY:+40'GP+20'GP)	40'FR+40'OT+20'GP	40'FR+20'GP*
600	40'FR+40'OT×2+20'GP	+40'GP×2+20'GP (BSY:+40'GP×2)	40'FR+40'OT+20'GP	40'FR+20'GP*
800	40'FR+40'OT×2+40'GP	+40'GP×2+20'GP	40'FR+40'OT+40'GP	40'FR×2+20'GP*
1000	40'FR×2+40'OT×2 +40'GP+20'GP	+40'GP×2+20'GP	40'FR×2+40'OT +40'GP	40'FR×2+20'GP*

Notes:

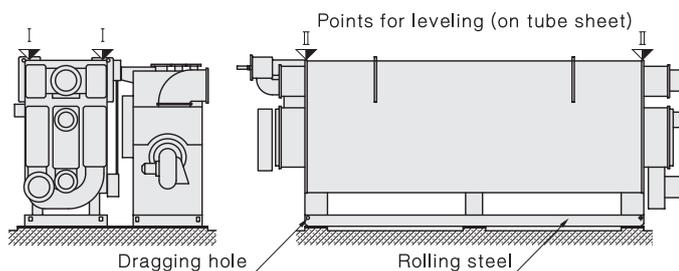
1. Models marked with " * " are in one-piece shipment, and the rest are in split shipment.
2. For chillers over model 500 (main shell weight exceeds requirement), there might be some changes as per actual condition.
3. In case some countries may have limitation on dimension and weight, loading shall be arranged accordingly.
4. For other models not showed in this list will be confirmed based on actual condition before placing orders.

Lifting & Leveling Tips

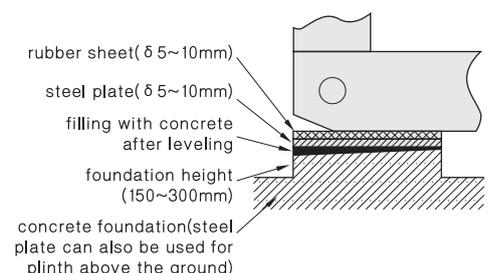
- Before the chiller is positioned, concrete foundation plinths must be molded and leveled. The level degree is $<1.5\%$, height of foundation is 6-12 inch. When machine room height allows, the higher, the better for maintenance. Then locate the chiller without bolts. (If there is strong vibration source or a special anti-vibration requirement, it should be stated before placing order). The pumpset shall be fixed by anchor bolts. The foundation must be level and solid to make sure no sink or overload (when the unit is installed on rooftop).
- Lifting must be done by qualified lifting companies that are properly insured.
- The crane must be supported by crossties and firm foundation to prevent it from sinking. Check the crane steel ropes and hooks before lifting to prevent any accident. The lifting intersection angle must be less than 90° . It is strictly prohibited to lift the chiller with a single steel rope. When the chiller is lifted 0.8 inch above the carriage or the ground, it should be kept for a little while. Lift the chiller slowly if everything is OK.
- If limited by loading height, loading angle or machine room access, the professional lifting company must make special plan with BROAD team together to avoid any risks.
- The landing of the chiller must be with care. Crash landing is strictly forbidden! As the unit is a vacuum device, any impact on the chiller is strictly forbidden!
- When moving the chiller, only round steels or thick steel tubes can be used as rollers instead of wooden sticks. Only drag the dragging hole on the rolling steel, do not place forces on other part of the chiller. Lift the unit first with jacks under the rolling steel before rigging. Both sides of HTG and main shell must be lifted simultaneously.
- For multiple chillers of split shipment, please make sure the original matching between HTG and the main shell. Please locate the chiller according to chiller joint drawing and make sure the joint gap is less than 0.06 inch.
- After chiller positioning, please adjust leveling and lay thin steel plate where it is uneven to guarantee compact contact between the chiller and base. Take tube sheet as the leveling point and make front/rear and left/right leveling (check level height of every part by acrylic tube). It should be leveled within 0.8/1000 both lengthwise and sidewise. Leveling must be done within 2 hours after locating the chiller, otherwise the chiller base will be damaged.
- The chiller must be located levelly and its steel frame bases must match the plinth, the weight of the chiller must be evenly balanced on the plinth. Otherwise, the chiller may be twisted slowly, which will finally result in damage due to leakage.
- The chiller should be protected by full time personnel during transportation & installation. No access for unauthorized persons. Valves of the chiller are forbidden to be screwed. If the machine room is still under construction, precautions are essential to avoid chiller get damaged or dirty. No scraping the paint or insulation layer.

Sketch of leveling and foundation

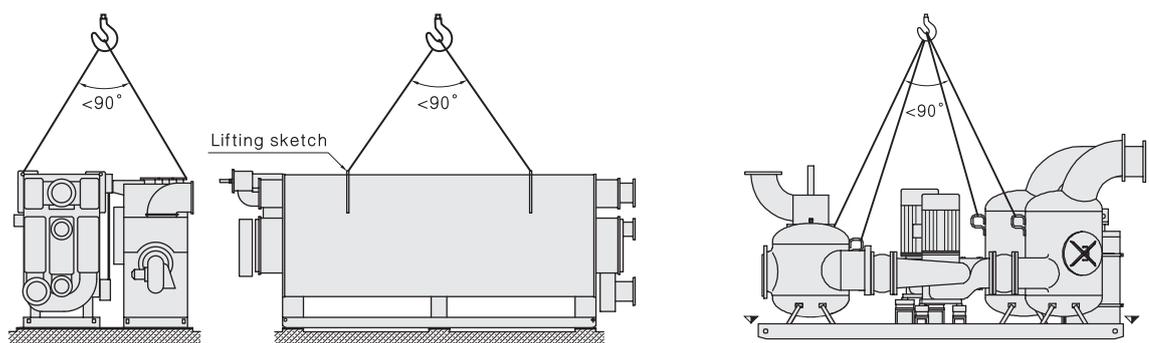
Leveling sketch



Foundation sketch



Lifting sketch



COMPARISON

Energy Saving Comparison

Compared with conventional machine room layout, BROAD packaged pumpset system reduces the rated power demand by 50~70%, and the operating electricity consumption by 70~85% (the electricity for pumpset only amounts to 2~5% of the rated cooling capacity).

Examples on power consumption comparison

- BY50 (pumpset for 582kW / 165Rt chillers)

Power consuming parts	Conventional machine room power demand	Packaged pumpset	
		power demand	Operating power consumption
Cooling water pump	30 kW	7.5 kW	2~7.5 KW
Cooling tower fan	11 kW	11 kW	3~11 KW
Chilled/heating water pump	22 kW	7.5 kW	7.5 kW
Total electricity/cooling capacity	63 kW 10.8%	26 kW 4.47%	17 kW (annual) 2.92%
Annual operating consumption	190 MWh	52 MWh (power saving is 79%)	

- BY300 (pumpset for 3489kW/992Rt chillers)

Power consuming parts	Conventional machine room power demand	Packaged pumpset	
		power demand	Operating power consumption
Cooling water pump	180 kW	44 kW	11~44 KW
Cooling tower fan	37 kW	37 kW	6~37 KW
Chilled/heating water pump	110 kW	60 kW	30~60 kW
Total electricity/cooling capacity	327 kW 9.4 %	141 kW 4.04 %	100 kW (annual) 2.86%
Annual operating consumption	1000 MWh	300 MWh (power saving is 76 %)	

- BY1000 (pumpset for 11630kW/3307Rt chillers)

Power consuming parts	Conventional machine room power demand	Packaged pumpset	
		power demand	Operating power consumption
Cooling water pump	550 kW	180 kW	30~180 KW
Cooling tower fan	110 kW	110 kW	20~110 KW
Chilled/heating water pump	440 kW	180 kW	90~180 kW
Total electricity/cooling capacity	1100 kW 9.5 %	470 kW 4.04 %	250 kW (annual) 2.15%
Annual operating consumption	3300 MWh	750 MWh (power saving is 82 %)	

Notes:

1. Calculation of annual operating power consumption is based upon cooling operation, for 5 months per year and 20 hours per day.
2. Operating consumption is the result of using inverters and shifting between two pumps, while the power consumption of conventional pump system equals to the power demand.

Why electricity saving ?

- Saving from design:

1. Many innovations reduce the resistance from filters, valves and piping to almost zero.
2. Specially designed pumps optimize head and flow rate.

- Saving from operation:

1. BROAD leads the world in inverter control system design and operation. Standard designs incorporate inverter-controlled cooling water pump(s) and cooling tower fan(s) which are automatically adjusted according to load and ambient temperature.
2. Two pumps combined or separate operation by software analyzer.
3. Actual power consumption during operation is 30~50% of the rated design.

COMPREHENSIVE COMPARISON

Model	BROAD Non-electric Chillers	Other Non-electric Chillers	Electric Chillers
Investment	<p>Low</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chiller price is high but water distribution system invests is low (design+equipment+installation+commissioning+machine room) • Small footprint • Smaller equipment selection (Refer to P6) 	<p>High</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chillers are less expensive but customers' self-purchased water distribution system costs high • Separate hot water system needed • Prevalently oversized equipment selection 	<p>Higher</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electricity demand is 8~10 times more than that of non-electric chillers • Need boiler (boiler room) for heating • High investment on water distribution system. • Prevalently oversized equipment selection
Function	<p>Three functions in one unit</p> <p>Provide cooling, heating and hot water separately or simultaneously, and automatically adjust all temperatures</p>	<p>Only two functions in one unit</p>	<p>Only one function</p> <p>Heat pump has two functions, but its heating capacity is reduced dramatically or even lost when the ambient temperature is low</p>
Energy Efficiency	<p>Energy saving is visible</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ultrasonic flow meters are installed on all pipes (fuel, chilled/heating water, cooling water, hot water) to reflect the energy efficiency directly or indirectly • The touch screen real-time displays (and records) cooling capacity and energy efficiency • Dozens of energy saving patents assure initial and long-term energy efficiency, such as auto purge and air vent (without a vacuum pump in the lifespan), plate heat exchanger, upward spraying, refrigerant anti-overflow, turbulator in fire tubes, etc. • Cooling water system is equipped with water softner and biocide & antisludge auto dosing device to eliminate energy waste and cooling capacity decrease caused by fouling • Conduct yearly energy consumption investigation and diagnosis for each user • BROAD chillers are proven to be at least 50% more energy efficient by our energy investigations to thousands of users 	<p>Energy consumption is not transparent</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No flow meters. • No energy efficiency display • No auto air vent device so energy efficiency drops periodically. 	<p>Not energy-saving</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Energy mode is not energy-saving. • No flow meters • No energy efficiency rate display • Tear & wear of moving parts causes energy efficiency decrease
Safety	<p>Risk free</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The world's only non-electric chiller with full range of American and European safety certificates • High temperature generator is equipped with 8-level mechanical and electronic anti-explosion devices to ensure no explosion (even in case of sabotage) • Cooling water system is equipped with auto biocide device to eliminate legionnaires 	<p>Risky</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not completely certified • No comprehensive anti-explosion measures • No biocide dosing 	<p>Risky</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explosion risks for compressors • Working under positive pressure condition

Model	BROAD Non-electric Chillers	Other Non-electric Chillers	Electric Chillers
Reliability	<p>Pursuing "zero fault"</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The annual "tube freezing" rate in evaporator is as low as 0.05%, as it is equipped with 3-level temperature sensors, 3-level flow switches and ultrasonic flow meters* • "Separate heating" reduces number of parts involved in heating by 80%+, and doubles the lifespan of the main shell • "Auto purge/ vent" prevents metals from corrosion and makes sure no cooling capacity decrease • Water distribution system is factory made so that industrialization of central air conditioning is materialized. All aspects from designing to component quality control, production, testing, site commissioning and maintenance are integrated into a unified quality control system • All materials and components are outsourced from world' s top manufacturers (quality first at any time) • BROAD offers free global network monitoring service to customers during chiller's whole lifespan • Designed lifespan of BROAD non-electric chiller is 60 years 	<p>Many faults</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Annual "tube freezing" rate exceeds 5% • Main shell heating brings many faults and short lifespan • No auto air vent device causes periodical cooling capacity and energy efficiency decrease • Water distribution system is designed individually, purchased separately and installed by non-professionals with quality risks • Since it does not have cooling water auto treatment device, the heat exchange tubes can easily get scaled since it must be cleaned by acid, which will easily cause attenuation or even puncture of the heat exchange tubes 	<p>Many faults</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Number of moving parts is several times more than that of non-electric chillers, and they are easy to be damaged • Water distribution system is designed individually, purchased separately and installed by non- professionals with great quality risks • Since it does not have cooling water auto treatment device, the heat exchange tubes that can easily get scaled must be cleaned by acids, which will easily cause attenuation or even puncture of the heat exchange tubes
Uncertain	<p>Customers are worry-free & carefree</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A single purchase order to solve all ordering, installation and operation problems • Automatic operation of the equipment and system makes full-time operator unnecessary • Provide life-long maintenance & repair, or even operation management service (energy management contract). Life-long quality commitment 	<p>Customers are not carefree</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Purchase and installation of water distribution system are troublesome • The whole system is a combination of products from many manufacturers, make it impossible to actualize automation • Poor after-sale service 	<p>Customers are not carefree</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Purchase and installation of water distribution system are troublesome • The whole system is a combination of products from many manufacturers, making it impossible to actualize automation • Poor after-sale service

Note: ultrasonic flow meters are available within packaged system.



BROAD Non-electric Chillers and packaged water distribution system are ISO, CE, UL, ETL, ASME certified. Specific Certifications are available upon customer request.



To preserve forest & water sources, please imitate us to adopt compact layout & thin paper printing



BROAD AIR CONDITIONING
远大空调有限公司

BROAD Town, Changsha, China 410138 www.broad.com
Tel: +86-731-84086688 Fax: +86-731-84611357

2017. 11. 06 The First Edition
Quantity: 5, 000
BY295-17 © 2017